

Health innovation that matters

LivaNova Education Series:

Life Support Simplified

Intended for Investor Use Only - Not Intended for Use by Patients or HCPs

Safe Harbor

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Positioning LivaNova to Realize its Full Value

Consistently deliver growth, pipeline and profitability

Core Growth

Focus on portfolio optimization to support leadership positions in underserved markets

- Expand the go-to market initiative for U.S. Epilepsy
- Forecast at least 30% ACS growth in 2020 and at least 20% in 2021

Pipeline Execution

Multiple existing and pipeline initiatives to accelerate growth

- Achieve key study milestones in RECOVER and ANTHEM HFrEF
- Continued progress on next generation Heart-Lung Machine

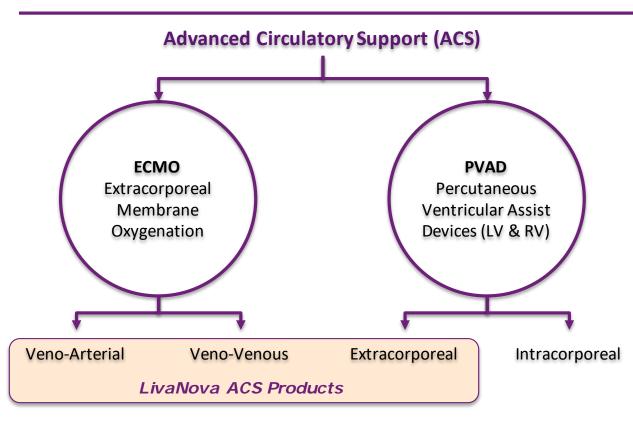
Operational Excellence

Drive margin expansion

- Expand Operating margin through cost discipline
- Drive improvement in free cash flow generation



"Advanced Circulatory Support" Defined



Does Not Include:

- Long-term MCS (LVAD devices)
- Cardiac support standard of care (intra-aortic balloon pump / IABP)
- Respiratory support standard of care (invasive mechanical ventilation / IMV)

LivaNova

*LivaNova ACS products are temporarily indicated for ECMO therapy greater than 6 hours. See Indications for use for more information. LivaNova is currently pursuing 510(k) clearance for ECMO therapy greater than 6 hours.

ACS candidate patients present to the hospital with multiple interrelated problems



CARDIAC: ELECTRICAL PROBLEM

- Unstable or lack of electrical impulse in the heart to trigger muscle firing
- **Therapies:** Pharmaceuticals, Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (PCI), Ablation (re-wiring the heart to fix signals), Pacemaker (long-term device)



CARDIAC: PLUMBING PROBLEM (coronary or structural)

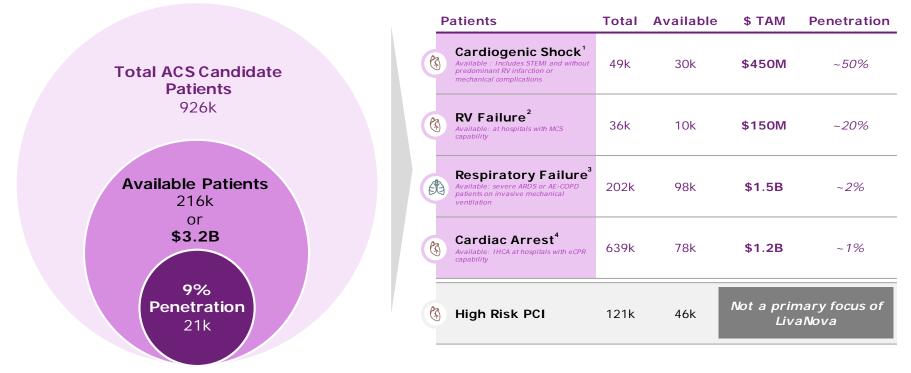
- Heart muscle has limited capacity to squeeze, create pressure in the circulatory system and move blood throughout the body
- Therapies: Pharmaceuticals, PCI (Angioplasty / Stent), Intra-aortic Balloon Pump (IABP),
 Advanced Circulatory Support, Implantable Ventricular Assist Device (long-term device), Heart Transplant



RESPIRATORY PROBLEM

- Lung capacity to exchange oxygen & carbon dioxide into the bloodstream is reduced (COPD, long-term damage from smoking, H1N1, pneumonia, acute respiratory distress syndrome, COVID-19)
- Therapies: Pharmaceuticals, Non-Invasive Ventilation (NIV, mask/nasal oxygen), Invasive Mechanical Ventilation (IMV), Advanced Circulatory Support, NO LONG-TERM RESPIRATORY DEVICES, Lung Transplant

Significant market opportunities in multiple underpenetrated patient populations



Source: 1. Thom et al. Heart disease and stroke statistics—2006 update: a report from the American Heart Association Statistics Committee and Stroke Statistics Subcommittee. Circulation. 2006; 113: e85–e151. Assumption: slight decline (0.5%) in annual patient population for cardiogenic shock. 2. Gerges 2014. 'Right ventricle in acute and chronic pulmonary embolism (2013 Grover Conference series)''. <u>https://www.nchi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC4278697</u>. Peacock AJ, Murphy NF, McMurray JJV, et al. An epidemiological study of pulmonary arterial hypertension. Eur Respir J 2007; 30: 104–9. 3. Lindenaur, P. Hospital patterns of Mechanical Ventilation for Patients with Exacerbations of COPD. Ann Am Thorac Soc Vol 12, No 3, pp 402-409, Mar 2015. The ARDS Definition Task Force, 'Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome, the Berlin Definition of ARDS' JAMA 2012;301(23):2526-25338. 4. US Average annual incidence in adults. AHA, Circulation, "Annual Incidence of Adult and Pediatric In-Hospital Cardiae Arrest in the US.'' July 2019.

Liva Nova Note: U.S. market only; data sources OUS limited but WW penetration also low

\$TAM uses ASP of \$15-20K

LivaNova ACS products are not currently indicated for Cardiogenic Shock, RV Failure, or Cardiac Arrest. LivaNova ACS products are temporarily indicated for ECMO therapy greater than 6 hours. See Indications for Use for more information. LivaNova is currently pursuing PMA approval for a Right Ventricular Failure indication and 510(k) clearance for ECMO therapy greater than 6 hours.

Highlights

Mission	• To save and improve the lives of critically-ill patients through the development and delivery of simple and effective life support solutions.				
Vision	 To become the extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) platform of choice among U.S. hospital centers and establish a global footprint for the ACS portfolio. 				
Positioning	• A simple and versatile ACS platform with differentiated cannulation enabling hospital centers to successfully deploy ACS to underserved patient populations.				
Markets	• Gain share in Cardiogenic Shock and Right Ventricular Failure in the short term while developing long term market opportunities in Respiratory Failure and Cardiac Arrest .				

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Commercial success supported by multiple internal & external initiatives

Commercial Execution	Annual field sales expansion	Inside sales capability	Healthcare econ support	
Medical Education	CME & hands-on	eLearning	Partnership with	
	product training	university	KOLs & societies	
Regulatory Authorizations	U.S. FDA label	Full CE-mark	Leverage	
	extensions	(EU) approvals	INT channel	
Clinical Evidence	Expand/publicize	IIR case series &	Comparative	
	THEME registry	literature studies	clinical data	
Innovative Products	Next generation oxygenation	Cannulae innovation	Remote monitor & sensors	

The need for LifeSPARC

- Despite ACS growth, legacy technology has hindered success
 - Less powerful than competing ECMO (lower flows or larger cannulae)
 - LifeSPARC offers 40% more pumping power; on par with ECMO competition
 - Legacy product priming process is unfamiliar and lengthy
 - <u>3-minute LifeSPARC setup process delivers</u> <u>"the perfect prime" every time</u>
 - Large, heavy controller inhibits patient mobility & ease of transport
 - LifeSPARC 1/3 the size & weight with removable handheld controller



LifeSPARC is a new circulatory support platform designed to simplify hospital programs



- LifeSPARC is a single operating system for simple but powerful circulatory support capabilities across departments / indications
 - **Streamlined** user interface minimizes the learning curve and ongoing training requirements for nursing staff and other patient caregivers
 - Small but powerful magnetically levitated pump enables rapid and repeatable deployment within the sterile field
 - Lightweight controller and docking station enables easy patient mobility and facilitates interdepartmental transport

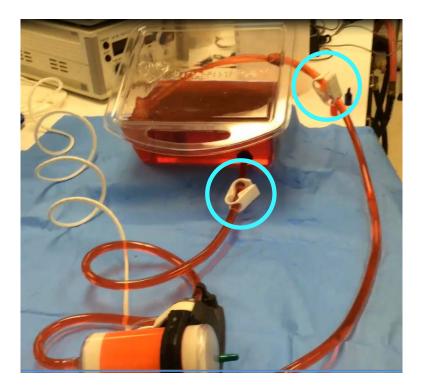




- No excess ports:
 - blood in/out + O₂ in/vent
- No heat exchanger
- No gas blender



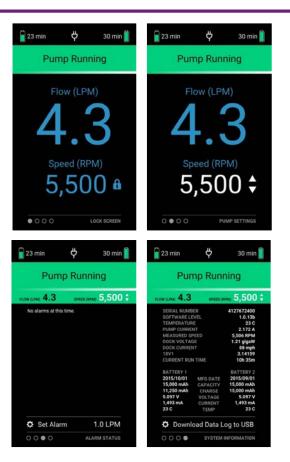
- No excess ports:
 - blood in/out + O₂ in/vent
- No heat exchanger
- No gas blender
- Pre-connected pump & oxygenator



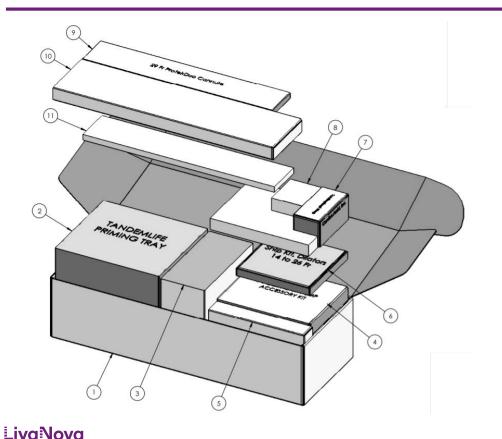
- No excess ports:
 - blood in/out + O₂ in/vent
- No heat exchanger
- No gas blender
- Pre-connected pump & oxygenator
- Priming tray to prime circuit in 3 minutes or less
- Clamps built into the tubing



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 - blood in/out + O₂ in/vent
- No heat exchanger
- No gas blender
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- Priming tray to prime circuit in 3 minutes or less
- Clamps built into the tubing
- No infusion line

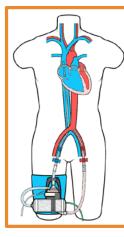


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- 4-screen GUI



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 - blood in/out + O₂ in/vent
- No heat exchanger
- No gas blender
- Pre-connected pump & oxygenator
- Priming tray to prime circuit in 3 minutes or less
- Clamps built into the tubing
- No infusion line
- 4-screen GUI
- Everything you need for the procedure in one Kit box

LifeSPARC versatility offers all four primary modes of circulatory support in a single platform



LifeSPARC

TANDEMLIFE

Veno-Arterial (VA) ECMO

Key Components:

- Sterile, on-patient centrifugal pump
- Oxygenator (pre-connected)
- 24 Fr venous drainage cannula
- 15 or 17 Fr arterial cannula

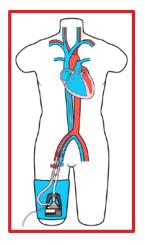


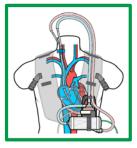
TANDEM**HEART**

Percutaneous LA-FA Bypass

Key Components:

- Sterile, on-patient centrifugal pump
- 21 Fr transseptal cannula (62/72 cm)
- 15 or 17 Fr arterial cannula





TANDEMLUNG

Veno-Venous (VV) ECMO

Key Components:

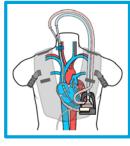
- Sterile, on-patient centrifugal pump
- Oxygenator (pre-connected)
- 29 or 31 Fr dual-lumen cannula
- Venous dilator set

PROTEKDUO

Percutaneous RA-PA Bypass

Key Components:

- Sterile, on-patient centrifugal pump
- 29 or 31 Fr dual-lumen cannula
- Venous dilator set



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Competing circulatory support platforms provide a limited subset of options

	VA-ECMO	VV-ECMO	PVAD (L)	PVAD (R)
LifeSPARC	\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark	 Image: A start of the start of
Impella	×	×	\checkmark	\checkmark
CardioHelp	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	×
CentriMag*	\checkmark	\checkmark	×	×

* CentriMag is a centrifugal pump only; additional technology (oxygenator and cannulae) are required to complete the circuit

LifeSPARC includes an integrated and sterilized extracorporeal pump motor for placement within the sterile field, designed to minimize hemodilution and reduced circuit volume.

LifeSPARC offers exclusive cannulation options in each support category:

- ProtekDuo Dual Lumen: Unique RA-to-PA cannulation via a single RIJ access point
 - ProtekSolo Transseptal: Direct LV pre-load reduction via left atrial cannulation
- ProtekSolo Arterial: Advanced cannula securement features

LivaNova

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The COVID-19 pandemic has revealed a lack of widespread extracorporeal circulatory support options across the U.S.

Only ~ 4.9% of U.S. community hospitals currently offer advanced respiratory support capability.¹

LifeSPARC enables mid-tier programs to emulate the most successful centers in the U.S.

LivaNova

¹% of U.S. community hos pitals participating in the ELSO registry with an adult ECMO program (<u>www.elso.org</u>).

Why ECMO? Because some patients need MORE respiratory support.

JAMA | Original Investigation

Presenting Characteristics, Comorbidities, and Outcomes Among 5700 Patients Hospitalized With COVID-19 in the New York City Area

Safiya Richardson, MD, MPH; Jamie S. Hirsch, MD, MA, MSB; Mangala Narasimhan, DO; James M. Crawford, MD, PhD; Thomas McGinn, MD, MPH; Karina W. Davidson, PhD, MASc; and the Northwell COVID-19 Research Consortium

Invasive Mechanical Ventilation (IMV) was utilized in 320 of 2,634 discharged COVID-19 patients across 12 New York area hospitals.

	18-65y		>65y		TOTAL	
	#	%	#	%	#	%
Discharged Alive	33	23.6%	5	2.8%	38	11.9%
Died	107	76.4%	175	97.2%	282	88.1%
TOTAL	140		180		320	

Excerpt from Table 5. Clinical Measures and Outcomes for Patients Discharged Alive, Dead, and In Hospital at Study End Point by Age

Table 3. Hospital Characteristics and Admission Rates

	No. (%)					
Hospital ^a	Study admissions (N = 5700)	Acute beds (March occupancy), mean ^b	Annual emergency department visits (% admitted)			
North Shore University Hospital	1073 (18.8)	637 (92)	51 000 (34)			
Long Island Jewish Medical Center	1151 (20.2)	517 (91)	66 000 (28)			
Staten Island University Hospital	674 (11.9)	466 (85)	93 000 (25)			
Lenox Hill Hospital	558 (9.8)	324 (75)	40 000 (29)			
Southside Hospital	445 (7.8)	270 (86)	59 000 (18)			
Huntington Hospital	359 (6.3)	231 (81)	40 000 (22)			
Long Island Jewish Forest Hills	608 (10.7)	187 (86)	42 000 (21)			
Long Island Jewish Valley Stream	355 (6.2)	180 (75)	31 000 (23)			
Plainview Hospital	231 (4.1)	156 (70)	24 000 (29)			
Cohen Children's Medical Center	42 (0.7)	111 (78)	48 000 (14)			
Glen Cove Hospital, nonteaching	117 (2.1)	66 (78)	15 000 (20)			
Syosset Hospital	87 (1.5)	55 (70)	12 000 (21)			

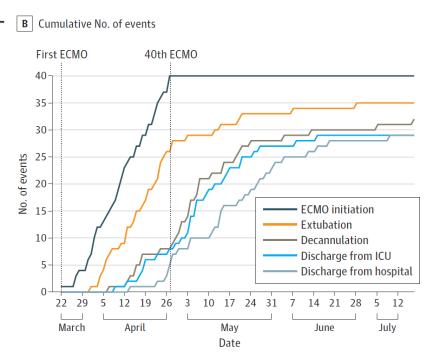
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RESEARCH LETTER

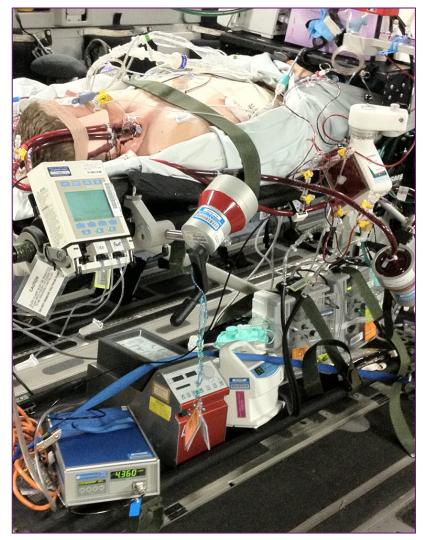
Extracorporeal Membrane Oxygenation for Patients With COVID-19 in Severe Respiratory Failure

88% successful extubation

73% survival to discharge









We reduce complexity so hospital caregivers can

focus on the patient

not the circuit.



COVID-19 UPDATES: The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) issued guidance on April 6, 2020 to temporarily expand the availability of devices used in extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) therapy to address the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) public health emergency. While the FDA is permitting this temporary change to our indication for use, this change is not equivalent to an ECMO 510(k) clearance. As a result of the guidance, cardiopulmonary devices, including select devices from TandemLife | LivaNova, are now temporarily indicated for ECMO therapy greater than 6 hours. To read the full announcement, click here.

- LifeSPARC System: In the U.S., the LifeSPARC system is intended to pump blood through an extracorporeal circuit for periods lasting less than six hours for the purpose of providing either: (i) full or partial cardiopulmonary bypass (i.e., circuit includes an oxygenator) during open surgical procedures on the heart or great vessels; or (ii) temporary circulatory bypass for diversion of flow around a planned disruption of the circulatory pathway necessary for open surgical procedures on the aorta or vena cava.
- Contraindications for Use: The LifeSPARC System should not be used with extracorporeal circuits that create a pressure differential greater than 600 mmHg between the inflow and the outflow of the Pump. Because of the non- occlusive nature of the LifeSPARC Blood Pump, the Pump should not be used for cardiotomy suction.
- TandemHeart Controller: The TandemHeart System is intended to pump the blood through an extracorporeal circuit for periods lasting less than 6 hours for the purpose of providing either: (i) Full or partial cardiopulmonary bypass (i.e., circuit includes an oxygenator) during open surgical procedures on the heart or great vessels; or (ii) Temporary circulatory bypass for diversion of flow around a planned disruption of the circulatory pathway necessary for open surgical procedures on the aorta or vena cava
- TandemHeart Pump: The TandemHeart pump is intended to pump the blood through an extracorporeal circuit for periods lasting less than 6 hours for the purpose of providing either: (i) Full or partial cardiopulmonary bypass (i.e., circuit includes an oxygenator) during open surgical procedures on the heart or great vessels; or (ii) Temporary circulatory bypass for diversion of flow around a planned disruption of the circulatory pathway necessary for open surgical procedures on the aorta or vena cava.

- TandemLung Oxygenator: The TandemLung Oxygenator (TLO) is intended to be used for adult patients for extracorporeal circulation during cardiopulmonary bypass in the field of open-heart surgery. Within the indicated flow rates blood is oxygenated and carbon dioxide is removed. The utilization period of this device is restricted to six hours.
- Contraindications for Use: No contraindications are known provided the device is used within the Indications for Use and in accordance with the stated operating conditions.
- ProtekSolo 62 and 72 cm Transseptal Cannulae: The Transseptal Cannula Set-EF is intended for transseptal catheterization of the left atrium via the femoral vein for the purpose of providing a means for temporary (six hours or less) left ventricular bypass when connected to the TandemHeart extracorporeal blood pump, which returns blood to the patient via the femoral artery or other appropriate site.
- Contraindications for Use: The Transseptal Cannula Set should not be used when any anatomical, medical, or physiological impairment may contraindicate the use of a femoral access procedure or transseptal access to the left atrium.
- ProtekSolo Venous Cannula: The Venous Cannula is intended to cannulate vessels, perfuse vessels or organs and/or connect with accessory extracorporeal circulatory support equipment. The introducer is intended to facilitate proper insertion and placement of the cannula within the vessel for extracorporeal circulatory support. These devices are to be used by a trained physician only.
- Contraindications for Use: Alone, the cannula and introducer are not medical treatment devices. There are no known contraindications for the use of the cannula, other than those generally contraindicated for cardiopulmonary bypass. The introducer is only to be used with the appropriately sized Venous Cannula. These devices are not intended for use except as indicated above.

- ProtekSolo 15 and 17 Fr Arterial Cannulae: These devices are to be used by a trained physician only. Cannulae are used to cannulate vessels, perfuse vessels or organs and/or connect with accessory extracorporeal circulatory support equipment for a duration of six hours or less. The Cannula Introducer is intended to facilitate proper insertion and placement of the Cannula within the vessel for extracorporeal circulatory support.
- Contraindications for Use: Alone, the cannula and introducer are not medical treatment devices. There are no known contraindications for the use of the cannula, other than those generally contraindicated for cardiopulmonary bypass. The cannula introducer is only to be used with the appropriately sized TandemHeart Cannula. These devices are not intended for use, except as indicated above.
- ProtekDuo 29 and 31 Fr and ProtekDuo RD 31 Fr Veno-Venous Cannulae: The ProtekDuo Veno-Venous Cannula Set is intended for use as a single cannula for both venous drainage and reinfusion of blood via an internal jugular vein during extracorporeal life support procedures.
- Contraindications for Use: Alone, the cannula and introducer are not medical treatment devices. There are no known contraindications for the use of the cannula, other than those generally contraindicated for cardiopulmonary bypass. The cannula Introducer is only to be used with the appropriately sized ProtekDuo Veno-Venous Cannula. These devices are not intended for use except as indicated above.
- VoyagerVest: The Voyager Vest is intended to provide secure attachment of Extracorporeal Life Support (ECLS) components (pump, oxygenator, and tubing) to the patient during cardiopulmonary bypass.
- **Contraindications for Use:** The VoyagerVest kit is only intended for use with compatible products manufactured and tested by CardiacAssist, Inc. The VoyagerVest kit should not be used on patients with a known allergy to neoprene.



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