

Liva Nova Investor Day 2021

December 7, 2021

Safe Harbor

Certain statements in this presentation, other than purely historical information, are "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"). These statements include, but are not limited to, LivaNova's plans, objectives, strategies, financial performance and outlook, trends, the amount and timing of future cash distributions, prospects or future events and involve known and unknown risks that are difficult to predict. As a result, our actual financial results, performance, achievements or prospects may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the use of words such as "may," "could," "seek," "guidance," "predict," "potential," "likely," "believe," "will," "should," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "intend," "forecast," "foresee" or variations of these terms and similar expressions, or the negative of these terms or similar expressions. Such forward-looking statements are necessarily based on estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by LivaNova and its management based on their knowledge and understanding of the business and industry, are inherently uncertain. These statements are not guarantees of future performance, and stockholders should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. There are a number of risks, uncertainties and other important factors, many of which are beyond our control, that could cause our actual results to differ materially from the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, including the risks relating to the COVID-19 pandemic such as effects from the Delta and Omicron variants, supply chain disruptions or labor shortages, and litigation as well as those described in the "Risk Factors" section of Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-O, Current Reports on Form 8-K and other documents filed from time to time with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission by LivaNova. All information in this presentation is as of the date of its release. The Company does not undertake or assume any obligation to update publicly any of the forward-looking statements in this presentation to reflect actual results, new information or future events, changes in assumptions or changes in other factors affecting forwardlooking statements, except to the extent required by applicable law. If we update one or more forward-looking statements, no inference should be drawn that we will make additional updates with respect to those or other forward-looking statements. We caution you not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which are made only as of the date of this presentation.



Intellectual Property

This report may contain references to our proprietary intellectual property, including among others:

Trademarks for our Neuromodulation systems, the VNS Therapy[®] System, the VITARIA[®] System and our proprietary pulse generator products: Model 102 (Pulse[®]), Model 102R (Pulse Duo[®]), Model 103 (Demipulse[®]), Model 104 (Demipulse Duo[®]), Model 106 (AspireSR[®]), Model 1000 (SenTiva[®]), Model 1000-D (SenTiva[®]Duo), Model 7103 (VITARIA[®] and VITARIA TitrationAssist ™) and Model 8103 (Symmetry[®]).

Trademarks for our Cardiopulmonary products and systems: Essenz[™] heart-lung machine, S5[®] heart-lung machine, S3[®] heart-lung machine, S5 PRO[™] heart-lung machine, B-Capta[®], Inspire[®], Heartlink[®], XTRA[®] Autotransfusion System, 3T Heater-Cooler[®], Connect[™] and Revolution[®].

Trademarks for our extracorporeal life support systems: TandemLife®, TandemHeart®, TandemLung®, ProtekDuo®, and LifeSPARC®.

Trademarks for our obstructive sleep apnea system: ImThera® and Aura6000®.

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GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations

The financial tables within this presentation reconcile the most comparable U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) measures to the non-GAAP financial and operating measures.

Unless otherwise noted, all sales growth rates in this presentation reflect comparable, constant-currency growth. Management believes that referring to comparable, constant-currency growth is the most useful way to evaluate the sales performance of LivaNova and to compare the sales performance of current periods to prior periods on a consistent basis. Constant-currency growth, a non-GAAP financial measure, measures the change in sales between current and prior-year periods using average exchange rates in effect during the applicable prior-year period.

LivaNova calculates forward-looking non-GAAP financial measures based on internal forecasts that omit certain amounts that would be included in GAAP financial measures. For example, forward-looking net sales growth projections are estimated on a constant-currency basis and exclude the impact of foreign currency fluctuations. Forward-looking non-GAAP adjusted tax rate and adjusted diluted earnings per share guidance exclude other items such as, but not limited to, changes in fair value of contingent consideration arrangements, asset impairment charges and product remediation costs that would be included in comparable GAAP financial measures. The most directly comparable GAAP measure for constant-currency net sales, non-GAAP adjusted tax rate and adjusted diluted earnings per share are net sales, the effective tax rate and earnings per share, respectively. However, non-GAAP financial adjustments on a forward-looking basis are subject to uncertainty and variability as they are dependent on many factors, including but not limited to, the effect of foreign currency exchange fluctuations, impacts from potential acquisitions or divestitures, gains or losses on the potential sale of businesses or other assets, restructuring costs, merger and integration activities, changes in fair value of contingent consideration arrangements, product remediation costs, asset impairment charges and the tax impact of the aforementioned items, tax law changes or other tax matters. Accordingly, reconciliations to the most directly comparable forward-looking GAAP financial measures are not available without unreasonable effort.

The Company also believes adjusted financial measures such as adjusted gross profit; adjusted selling, general and administrative expense; adjusted research and development expense; adjusted other operating expenses; adjusted operating income from continued operations; adjusted income tax expense; adjusted net income from continuing operations; adjusted free cash flow; and adjusted diluted earnings per share, are measures by which LivaNova generally uses to facilitate management review of the operational performance of the company, to serve as a basis for strategic planning, and to assist in the design of compensation incentive plans. Furthermore, adjusted financial measures allow investors to evaluate the Company's core performance for different periods on a more comparable and consistent basis, and with other entities in the medical technology industry by adjusting for items that are not related to the ongoing operations of the Company or incurred in the ordinary course of business.

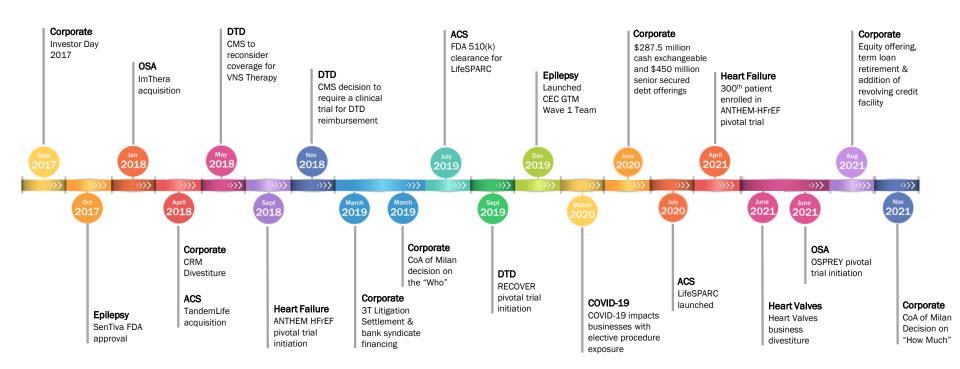




LivaNovaOpening Remarks

Damien McDonaldChief Executive Officer

Key Events Since LivaNova Investor Day 2017

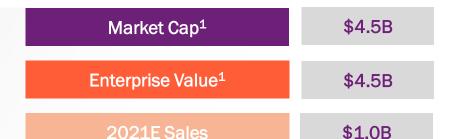




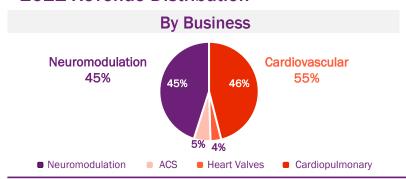
LivaNova at a Glance

Business Overview

- \$1.0B focused medical innovator
- Design, develop and manufacture devices for cardiovascular procedures and neuromodulation across 100+ countries
- Currently employs ~3,000 employees worldwide; 10% of whom are engineers, scientists and medical professionals
- Formed as a merger of Sorin (Italy) and Cyberonics (U.S.) in 2015
- Headquartered in London (U.K.) and listed on the NASDAQ



2021 Revenue Distribution







Market Capitalization and Enterprise Value per FactSet as of December 3, 2021

^{2. 2021}E Sales reflect midpoint of guidance range

^{3.} Completed Heart Valves business divestiture and deconsolidated related financial results effective June 1, 2021.

^{4.} ACS: Advanced Circulatory Support

Portfolio Focused on "Head & Heart"

Neuromodulation Cardiopulmonary **Advanced Circulatory Support** Creator, Leader of VNS Therapy Market-leading positions Advanced temporary support solutions Strategic Portfolio Initiatives (SPIs) Core Clinical Pipeline Targeting High Unmet Needs Coronary Artery Disease Cardiogenic Shock Drug-Resistant Difficult-to-Treat Congenital Heart Defect Cardiac Arrest Disease Obstructive Heart Sleep Apnea Failure **Epilepsy** Atrial Fibrillation Left and Right Ventricle Failure States Depression Valvular Disease ARDS/COPD 2021E ~\$10M \$434-452M \$465-480M \$55M+ Net Sales(1) Market ~\$10M ~\$220M ~\$15M ~\$505M ~\$2B \$1.5B Size(2) Market 20%+ 0-3% 10%+ N/A 30%+ 10%+ Growth(2)



^{(1) 2021}E represents guidance issued on November 3, 2021.

⁽²⁾ Management estimates for full-year 2021.

Our Strategic Priorities

Consistently deliver growth, pipeline and profitability

Core Growth

Focus on portfolio optimization to support leadership positions in underserved markets

- Expand the go-to-market initiative for U.S. Epilepsy
- Forecast over 30% ACS growth in 2021

Pipeline Execution

Multiple existing and pipeline initiatives to accelerate growth

- Achieve key study milestones in RECOVER, ANTHEM HFrEF and OSPREY
- Continued progress on next-generation heart-lung machine, Essenz

Operational Excellence

Drive margin expansion and cash generation

- Expand operating margin through cost discipline
- Drive improvement in free cash flow generation





Core Growth Drivers

EPILEPSY

ADVANCED CIRCULATORY SUPPORT (ACS)

SenTiva

Fewer seizures. Shorter seizures. Better recovery. Features that offer treatment & therapy personalization

125,000+
patients treated
with VNS Therapy
worldwide





LifeSPARC

Life Support Simplified. For more patients, in more places

\$1.5 billion opportunity

advancing the standard of care





Cardiopulmonary: Return On Capital

BROAD PORTFOLIO OF OFFERINGS

S5 HLM

Advanced heart-lung

machine

45+ years of perfusion know-how and world leadership



INSPIRE OXYGENATOR

personalized perfusion – safe, easy and flexible for all adult patient sizes

Nearly 500K patients treated per year



XTRA ATS

lowers the transfusion rates during and after cardiac surgery^{1,2}

Over 500K patients treated per year



Differentiated Clinical Pipeline

Targeting Medical Conditions with High Unmet Needs

Difficult-to-Treat Depression (DTD)
RECOVER CMS CLINICAL STUDY

VNS Therapy may provide better outcomes and symptom improvement for those who have failed other treatments

Heart Failure (HF)
ANTHEM-HFrEF CLINICAL TRIAL

Novel delivery of Autonomic Regulation Therapy (ART) may improve regulation of cardiovascular function Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA)
OSPREY CLINICAL TRIAL

Implantable pulse generator (IPG) opens the airway during sleep



ROVED

Depression is the leading cause of disability worldwide

U.S. Prevalence: >26 million¹



HF is the leading cause of morbidity and mortality

WW Prevalence: >25 million²



OSA is a contributing factor to several chronic illnesses

WW Prevalence: >1 billion³



L. Hasin DS et al, Epidemiology of Adult DSM-5 Major Depressive Disorder and Its Specifiers in the United States. JAMA Psychiatry 2018;75(4):336.

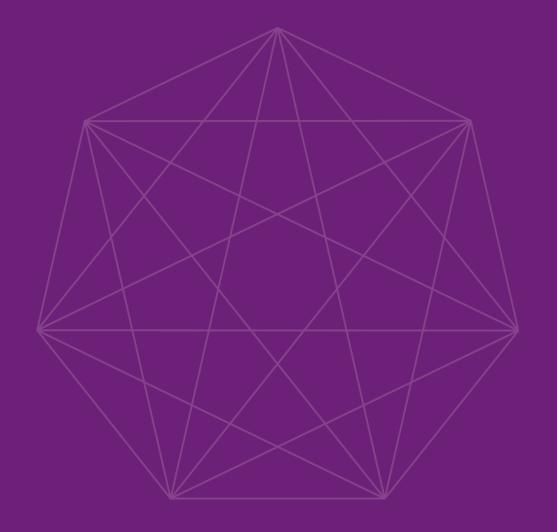
^{2.} Card Fail Rev. 2017 Apr; 3(1): 7-11. 3 World Health Organization. Globe surveillance, prevention and control of Chronic Respiratory Diseases. A comprehensive approach, 2007.

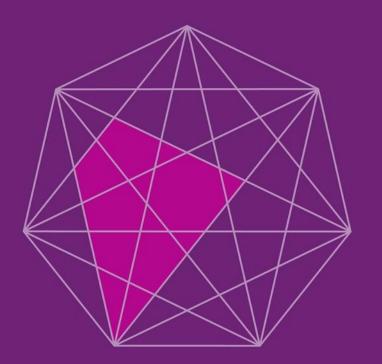
Benjafield et al., Global Prevalence of Obstructive Sleep Apnea in Adults: Estimation Using Currently Available Data, 2018.

Investor Day Agenda

Time (approx.)									
9:00am— 9:10amET	Opening Remarks	Damien McDonald							
Core Businesses									
9:10am— 9:35amET	Epilepsy	Chris Hartman							
9:35am- 9:55amET	Cardiopulmonary	Rich Wintersteller							
9:55am- 10:20amET	Advanced Circulatory Support	Travis Deschamps							
10:20am— 10:35amET	Q&A	Damien McDonald, Chris Hartman, Rich Wintersteller, Travis Deschamps							
10:35am— 10:45amET	Break								
Strategic Pipeline Initiatives									
	Strategic Pipeline Initia	tives							
10:45am— 11:15amET	Strategic Pipeline Initia Difficult-to-Treat Depression	Jonathan Walker							
10:45am— 11:15amET 11:15am—11:35amET									
	Difficult-to-Treat Depression	Jonathan Walker							
11:15am—11:35amET	Difficult-to-Treat Depression Heart Failure	Jonathan Walker Larry DiCarlo							
11:15am—11:35amET 11:35am—11:45amET	Difficult-to-Treat Depression Heart Failure Obstructive Sleep Apnea	Jonathan Walker Larry DiCarlo John Webb Damien McDonald, Jonathan Walker, Larry DiCarlo, John Webb							
11:15am—11:35amET 11:35am—11:45amET	Difficult-to-Treat Depression Heart Failure Obstructive Sleep Apnea Q&A	Jonathan Walker Larry DiCarlo John Webb Damien McDonald, Jonathan Walker, Larry DiCarlo, John Webb							







Epilepsy

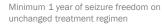
Chris Hartman, General Manager Sales & Marketing, North America

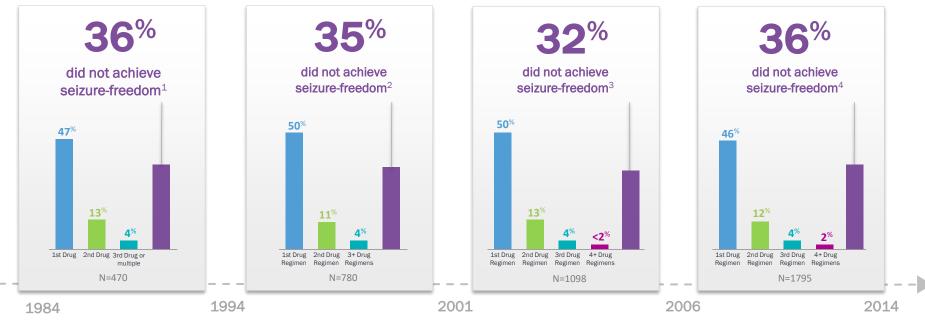
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Prevalence of DRE

Unchanged by new ASM introductions





Over a period of 30 years, despite the addition of many new ASMs (some with novel MOAs), seizure freedom rates in newly diagnosed epilepsy have not improved.



L. Kwan P, et al. N Engl J Med 2000;342:314-9.

Mohanraj R et al. Eur J Neurology. 2006; 13:277-282.

^{3.} Brodie, MJ, et al. Neurology. 2012; 78:1548-1554. 4.

Chen Z. et al. JAMA Neurol 2018 Mar 1:75(3):279-286.

LivaNova VNS Therapy® for DRE Uniquely positioned for Global Growth



LivaNova VNS Therapy

- Indicated for both adult and pediatric patients¹
- 1-2 hour outpatient procedure
- Proven safe, effective and reliable over 25-year history
- Available in over 80 countries

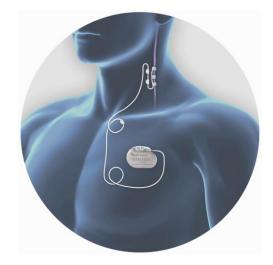
Strategic Advantages

- Inter-connected Technology Roadmap
- Established Global Commercial Footprint
- Digital Patient Education and Advocacy Expertise
- Pediatric Indication



LivaNova VNS Therapy®

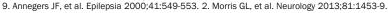
A compelling solution for Drug Resistant Epilepsy (DRE) patients and physicians



1-2 hour outpatient procedure in CEC *or* Community Health System

- Seizure reduction that continues to improve over time¹
- Quality of life improvements, independent of seizure control²
- Decreased healthcare utilization and costs³
- Decreased seizure severity/postictal period^{4,5}
- Nonpharmacological side effects that typically diminish over time^{6,7}
- Decrease in the number of depressive episodes⁸
- Positive Impact on SUDEP rates⁹
- Pediatric patients increased cognitive function¹⁰
- Maximal adherence

^{7.} Ben-Menachem E. J Clin Neurophysiol 2001;18(5):415-418. 8. Schmidt D., The clinical impact of new antiepileptic drugs after a decade of use in epilepsy. EPILEPSY_RES, 2002, 50(1-2).



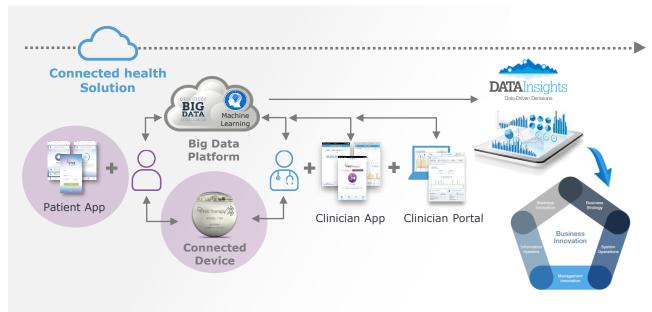


^{1.} Elliott RE, et al. Epilepsy Behav 2011;20(3):478-483. 2.Klinkenberg S, et al. Clin Neurol Neurosurg 2012;114(4):336-340. 3. Helmers SL, et al. Epilepsy Behav 2011;22(2):370-375.

^{4.} Tubbs RS, et al. J Neurosurg 2005;102(Suppl 2):213-217. 5. Vonck K, et al. Epilepsy Behav 2010;19(2):182-185. 6. Morris GL III, Mueller WM. Neurology 1999;53(7):1731-1735.

Technology Roadmap

Creating a Connected VNS Therapy® Network for improved outcomes



- Digital Foundation:
 Simple user interface with remote data uploads & software updates via secure network
- Connected Device:
 Remote patient care with enhanced scheduled titration/dosing capabilities
- Patient Specific Therapies: Personalized, automated and optimized patient treatment solutions



International Strategy

Driving performance with a proven penetration model in strategic growth markets

China Japan Total International DRE Population ~12.5MM Southeast Asia UK 80 Germany France **Total VNS** Therapy Countries 10 Established Brazil Markets* Educate and **Build KOL** Motivate **Advocacy** Develop Align Field with Clinical efficient care **Patients** Resources using Digital Data and delivery **Tools** Support pathways



U.S. Drug-Resistant Epilepsy Significant opportunity in underserved market



^{3.} National Association of Epilepsy Centers (Gumnit, Labiner, et al.) for 70% RS success rate, 0.4% of DRE receive RS; Guidepoint data and Neuropace S1 Filing; LivaNova QAD data; DRG RWD claims data for PNES





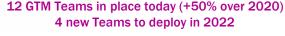
^{1. 2015} value is DRG RWD claims data, NCHS and Clarivate IPD average; US Census Bureau used to grow population for 2020; CDC ~1.2% of US population has Epilepsy

^{2.} Epilepsy.com \sim 1/3 of patients is intractable Epilepsy

Health Systems and Clinicians

Building VNS Therapy Pathways in Community Health Systems and Comprehensive Epilepsy Centers (CECs)





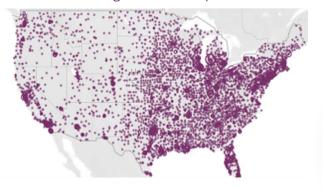


Patients and Caregivers

Creating a unique experience throughout the VNS Therapy® Journey

Geo-targeted DTC Strategy

CEC Targets & VNS Hotspots



Digital Health

Platform for Epilepsy Community



- >120,000 people have already discovered Epsy
- Millions of epilepsy events actively logged by Epsy users
- Experiencing strong growth, engagement and retention

AWARENESS

UNDERSTANDING

IMPLANT

RETENTION

Therapy Awareness
Paid, Earned & Advocacy Groups



VNS Understanding
VNSTherapy.com, Community Education



Pre-Implant Patient Navigation
Case Management Support



Post-Implant Optimization
Patient Specific Programming & Dosing



Create VNS Therapy Loyalty
Exceptional Care Experience and Outcome



LivaNova VNS Therapy® re-implant rate of 75%



Pediatric DRE patients are underserved

Early intervention with VNS Therapy can have a lifelong impact on patients and caregivers

1 in 4

of all newly diagnosed cases of epilepsy Worldwide are

Children¹

470,000

Children & their families are impacted by Epilepsy in the US²

30 Children per day develop

DRE 3-6





Children with uncontrolled seizures could experience developmental limitations that impact cognitive and social function⁷

5.2x

Pediatric patients who do not achieve seizure freedom for 5 years were at a **5.2x greater risk of SUDEP**⁸



Poorly controlled seizures have **serious cognitive consequences** in the developing brain⁷



^{1.} Neubauer BA. Gross S. Hahn A. Epilepsy in childhood and adolescence. Dtsch Arztebl Int. 2008;105(17):319-328

^{2.} CD1. CDC MMWR, Vol 66, No 31, August 2017. Incidence data adapted from US Census 2016 Population Estimate

^{3.} Census 2016 Population Estimate. 4. Institute of Medicine Committee, NIH, 2012. 5. Brodie MJ et al. Neurology 2012; 78:1548-1554.

^{6.} Wirrell EC et al. Epilepsy Res 2011 June; 95 (1-2):110-118.

^{7.} Berg AT, Zelko FA, Levy SR, et al. Neurology. 2012;79:1384-139 8. Sillanpää M, Shinnar S. N Engl J Med. 2010;363(26):2522-2529.

LivaNova VNS Therapy[®] *Key Opinion Leader Insights*







Angus A Wilfong, MD, FRCPC, FAES

Professor and Chief, Pediatric Neurology

Barrow Neurological Institute at Phoenix Children's Hospital

Professor, Child Health and Neurology

University of Arizona College of Medicine - Phoenix.



LivaNova VNS Therapy® for DRE Uniquely positioned for Global Growth



- Drug-Resistant Epilepsy is a Global Challenge for Millions of Adult and Pediatric Patients
- LivaNova is the Global Leader in neuromodulation therapy for Drug Resistant Epilepsy with ~9 of every 10 U.S. implants being VNS Therapy
- We have a strategic plan that will deliver 7-9% CAGR by:
 - Delivering Technology Focused on an Interconnected Device Network
 - Strengthening Global Leadership with Deeper Penetration of Key Customers and Markets
 - Creating a Unique Patient and Caregiver Experience with Digital Outreach and Engagement
 - Increasing Awareness and Earlier Adoption of VNS Therapy with Pediatric DRE Patients









Cardiopulmonary

Rich Wintersteller, VP and General Manager of Cardiovascular, North America

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Comprehensive Portfolio of Differentiated Offerings

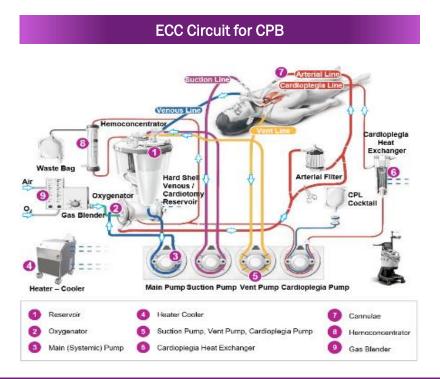
LivaNova uniquely provides a complete cardiopulmonary solution including a platform of differentiated offerings





Perfusion & Cardiopulmonary Bypass (CPB) Defined

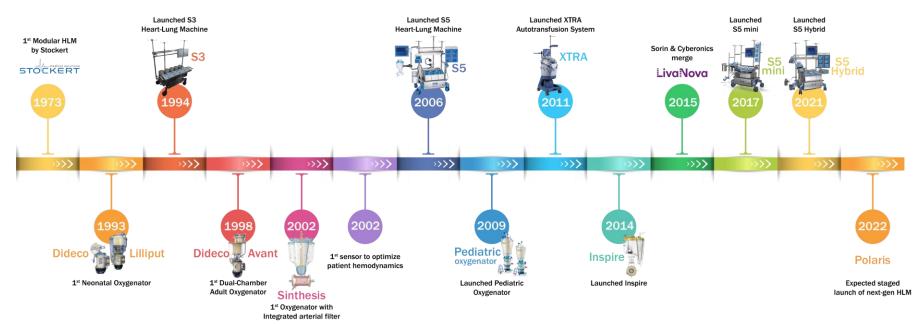
Critical system that takes over function of heart and lungs during surgery





Innovation Leader

Nearly half a century of life-sustaining technology leadership



Demonstrated R&D capabilities and culture of innovation



Cardiopulmonary Portfolio Offerings

LivaNova uniquely provides a complete cardiopulmonary solution and platform

	Liva Nova Health innovation that matters	Edwards	FFFESENIUS	HAEMONETICS*	MAQUET GETINGE GROUP	Medtronic	Spectrum / edical	TERUMO
HLM		8	8	8		8		
Oxygenators	Ø	×	8	8				
ATS	Ø	8			8		8	8
Cannulae			8	×	8	⊘	×	×



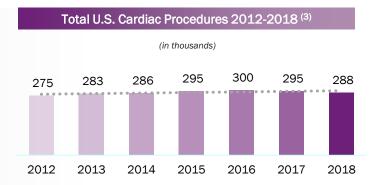
Procedure and Market Opportunity

1.8 million heart procedures performed annually; \$2 billion total addressable segment

Global Cardiac Surgery Procedures (1)

- 1.8 mm heart surgeries performed annually
- On-pump procedures represent ~85% of total
- U.S., EU and China: 3 largest markets
- Estimate overall procedure growth in the low single digits with flat to declining volumes in the developed markets and growth in emerging markets







^{1.} Based on LivaNova 2021E estimates

^{2.} Based on LivaNova estimates of the total addressable segment revenue opportunity.

^{3.} Based on data from the STS Adult Cardiac Surgery Database.

Cardiopulmonary At-A-Glance



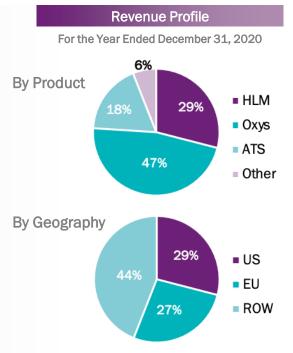


Cardiopulmonary Financial Profile

Highlights

- Durable and growing platform with stable revenues
 - >60% recurring, consumable revenue
- 50%+ gross margins & mid-teens operating margins
 - Ability to drive incremental operating leverage
- Limited CapEx requirements (~\$13 - \$15mm per year)
- Strong return on capital and cash generation
- Near-term HLM upgrade cycle to support next leg of growth
- Future platform opportunities









Introducing the Essenz Perfusion System

Relentless commitment to patient safety and reliability

Paving the way in patient-tailored clinical perfusion management

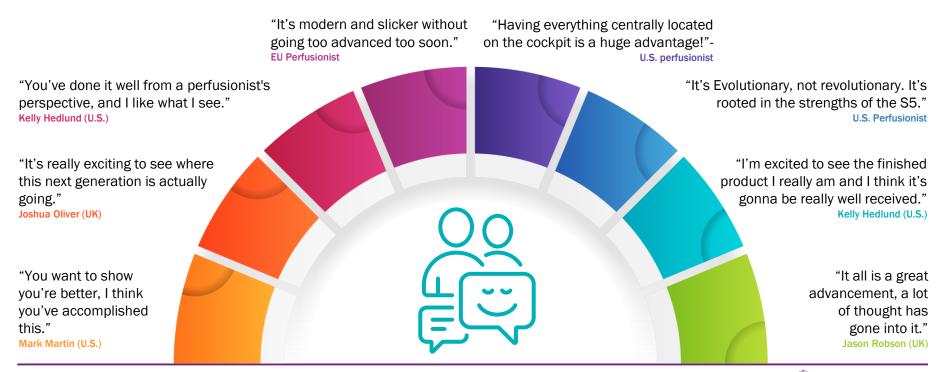
Complete offer for a seamless and intuitive perfusion experience

Cutting edge technology to meet current and future needs

Built on LivaNova's 40-year legacy of safety and reliability, Essenz is the innovative perfusion system that reaches beyond products, to truly foster tailored patient care strategies and allow the entire heart team to continously improve the quality of clinical practice



Customer Feedback





HLM Upgrade Cycle

Significant portion already past useful life of 10 years



Large Installed Base of S5 HLMs

Price Premium

Fleet vs Individual Unit Replacements

Opportunity for service contracts



Global Commercial Reach & Go-to-Market Structure

Strong global commercial capabilities & reach into >100 countries



Extensive commercial infrastructure, supported by robust manufacturing and assembly capabilities to serve customized preferences in all geographies

Highlights

- Direct sales presence in all major markets including US, Canada, Western Europe and Japan
- Global sales & marketing, R&D and manufacturing operations
- Tenured sales reps in all regions (Average tenure of nearly 10 years)
- Strong existing relationships and innovative heritage/reputation provide unique market access
- Unmatched direct global field-based service & support offering

Manufacturing/R&D

- Mirandola, Italy
- Munich, Germany
- Arvada, Colorado (Manufacturing only)

Distribution/Assembly

- Mirandola, Italy
- Melbourne, Australia
- São Paulo, Brazil
- Arvada, Colorado



Growth Plan & Strategic Priorities

Four key strategic pillars of focus for driving growth

Next Generation Product Launches

- Innovate 15-year-old technology building upon safe, reliable platform
- Launch innovative, customercentric design approach
- Drive market share gain and pricing power
- Increase speed of replacement cycle leveraging installed base

Comprehensive Customer Solution

- Capitalize on strong operating margins for a comprehensive solution
- Create optionality in product and offering to suit all customer needs
- Expand software technology for better patient care

Drive Market Share Growth

- Achieve higher penetration in existing geographic markets
- Enhance margins
- Execute additional go-to-market model enhancements
- Capitalize on consumables growth in emerging markets

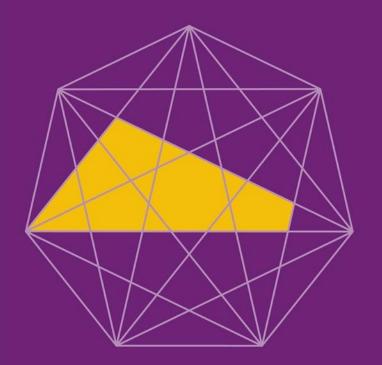
Robust Pipeline for Long-Term Growth

- Continue dedication to product innovation
- Focus on satisfying customers' needs
- Strengthen competitive positioning
- Address key industry trends
- Demonstrated history industry firsts
- Increase technical service revenues primarily in developed markets









Advanced Circulatory Support

Travis Deschamps, VP and General Manager

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Advanced Circulatory Support

Defining Advanced Circulatory Support (ACS)

ACS encompasses a variety of short-term mechanical circulatory support device categories that offer more support than the standard of care



- With Oxygenation or without
- Intracorporeal (pump inside the body) or Extracorporeal (pump outside the body)
- Various Cannulation sites to withdraw and return blood for specific patient needs

LivaNova ACS Products



LifeSPARC is a new circulatory support platform designed to simplify hospital programs



 LifeSPARC is a single operating system for simple but powerful circulatory support capabilities across departments & indications

- LifeSPARC pump offers 40% more pumping power than the legacy ACS platform
- Magnetic bearing system replaces the complex TandemHeart fluid-bearing system
- Small, fully-sterilized pump enables rapid & repeatable deployment in the sterile field
- LifeSPARC controller 1/3 the size & weight with removable handheld controller
- Streamlined user interface minimizes the learning curve and ongoing training requirements for nursing staff and other patient caregivers





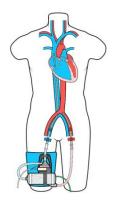






LifeSPARC Platform: Four Modes of Circulatory Support

LifeSPARC



TANDEMLIFE

Veno-Arterial (VA) ECMO

Key Components:

- Sterile, on-patient centrifugal pump
- Oxygenator (pre-connected)
- 24 Fr venous drainage cannula
- 15 or 17 Fr arterial cannula



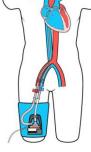
TANDEM**HEART**

Percutaneous LA-FA Bypass

Key Components:

- Sterile, on-patient centrifugal pump
- 21 Fr transseptal cannula (62/72 cm)
- 15 or 17 Fr arterial cannula







TANDEMLUNG

Veno-Venous (VV) ECMO

Key Components:

- Sterile, on-patient centrifugal pump
- Oxygenator (pre-connected)
- 29 or 31 Fr dual-lumen cannula
- · Venous dilator set



PROTEKDUO

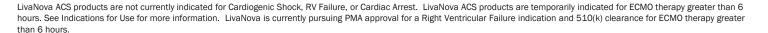
Percutaneous RA-PA Bypass

Key Components:

- Sterile, on-patient centrifugal pump
- 29 or 31 Fr dual-lumen cannula
- Venous dilator set









Competing circulatory support platforms provide a limited subset of options

Company	Brand	VA-ECMO	VV-ECMO	PVAD (L)	PVAD (R)
LivaNova	LifeSPARC	⊘	⊘	⊘	⊘
⁸⁰ ABIOMED	Impella	8	8	②	②
	Breethe			×	8
MAQUET GETINGE GROUP	CardioHelp	②	②	8	×
Abbott	CentriMag*	②	②	8	8
	PHP**	×	×		×

LifeSPARC includes an integrated and sterilized extracorporeal pump motor for placement within the sterile field, designed to minimize hemodilution, reduced circuit volume, and offer exclusive cannulation options in each support category:

ProtekDuo Dual Lumen: Unique RA-to-PA cannulation via a single RIJ access point

ProtekSolo Transseptal: Direct LV pre-load reduction via left atrial cannulation

ProtekSolo Arterial: Advanced cannula securement features



^{*} CentriMag is a centrifugal pump only; additional technology (oxygenator and cannulae) are required to complete the circuit

^{**} PHP currently investigational device only; not available for sale in the U.S.



We reduce complexity so hospital caregivers can focus on the patient not the circuit.





COVID-19 has shined a light on the lack of widespread ACS respiratory support options in the U.S.

Severe COVID treated with invasive ventilation @40-50% survival vs. 72% survival with ACS

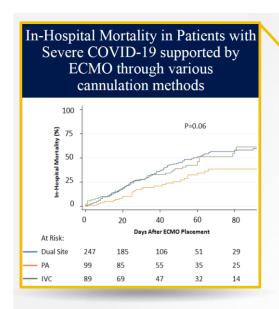
Only ~250 Adult ECMO Centers (4.8%)

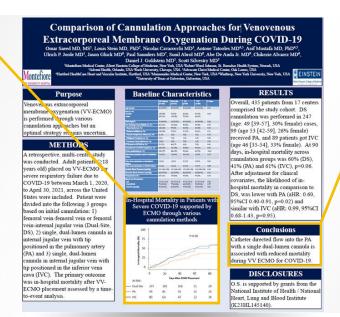




BREAKING NEWS:

17 center, 435 patient study suggests positive results through the use of ProtekDuo cannula



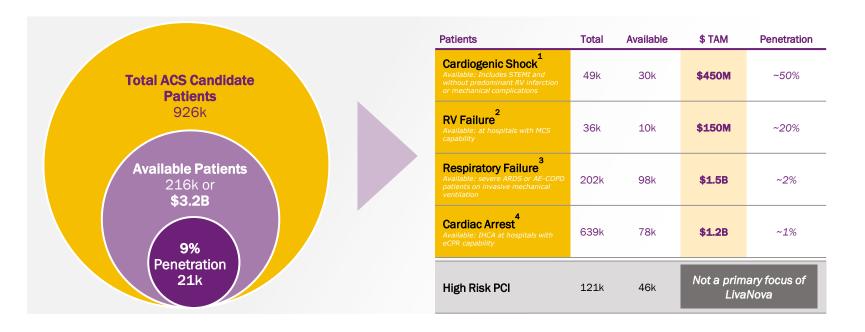


Conclusions

Catheter directed flow into the PA with a single dual-lumen cannula is associated with reduced mortality during VV ECMO for COVID-19.



Significant market opportunities in multiple underpenetrated patient populations





Key barriers must be overcome to accelerate adoption of ACS therapy into the U.S. Respiratory Market opportunity.

Key Barriers

- Patients treated at hospitals who will be adopting a new therapy (ECMO) for the first time
- Different site of care (ICU vs. OR/CCL) and responsible HCPs (Intensivist/Nursing vs. IC/CTS/Perfusion)
- Unfamiliar or uncomfortable with large bore cannulation and high blood flow rates
- Relative complexity of the procedure, devices, circuits and patient management
- Clinical evidence gap to effect change in behavior away from standard of care

Investment Priorities / SPI's

- Refresh the product pipeline with focus on the application of ECMO technology to new patients by new users
- Develop compelling clinical evidence to drive utilization of ECMO procedures over the current standard of care
- Grow U.S. commercial and clinical presence to accelerate customer acquisition, training & case support



Unlocking the full market opportunity requires re-investment in product innovation, clinical evidence, commercial excellence and operational resilience.







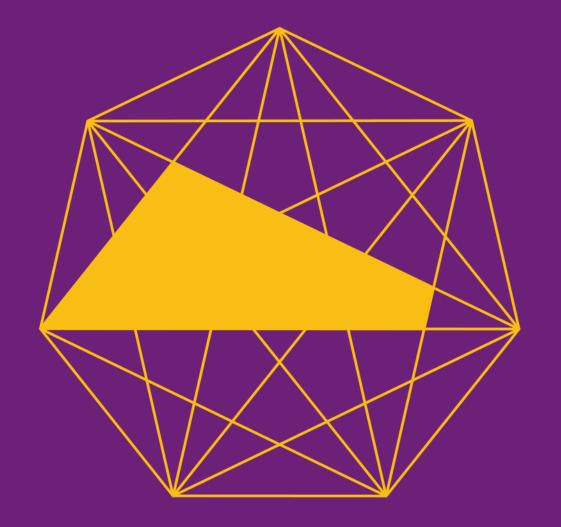


Operational Resilience

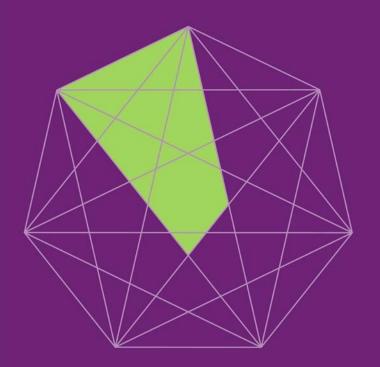


Critical

Additive







Difficult to Treat Depression

Jonathan Walker, VP & General Manager

Intended for Investor Use Only | Not Intended for Use by Patients or HCPs





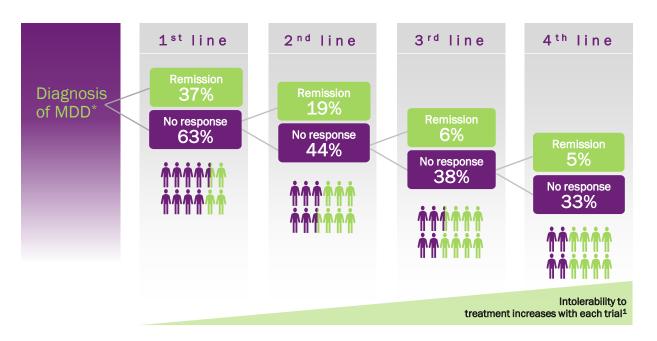
Depression is common and debilitating

26 million patients

- Depressed mood
- Low interest
- Poor sleep
- Thoughts of death
- Suicide



Success becomes less likely with each oral medication



Medication alone may not be enough for 1 out of 3 patients



† Number of patients who entered each step.

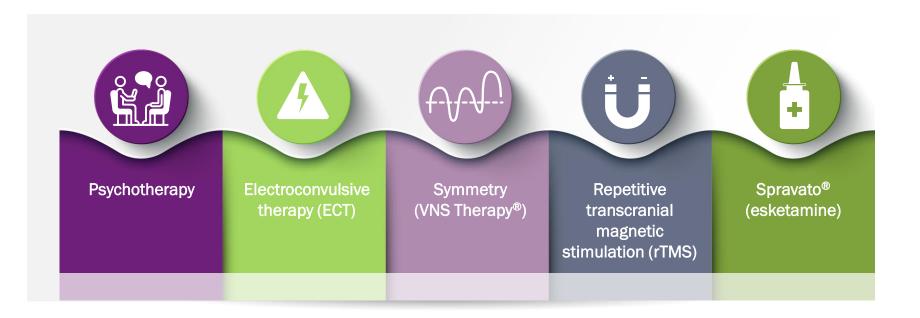


^{*} Remission defined as QIDS-SR16 score ≤5 at exit from the indicated treatment step. QIDS-SR: Quick Inventory of Depressive Symptomatology-Self-Report (16-item).

 $^{{\}rm *Participants} \ {\rm were} \ {\rm required} \ {\rm to} \ {\rm meet} \ {\rm DSM-IV} \ {\rm criteria} \ {\rm for} \ {\rm nonpsychotic} \ {\rm major} \ {\rm depressive} \ {\rm disorder}.$

^{4.} Rush AJ, Trivedi MH, Wisniewski SR, et al. Am J Psychiatry. 2006;163(11):1905-17.

Additional therapies are explored once patients have failed traditional pharmacological therapy





Pivotal studies leading to FDA approval in 2005

Ctudy Number	Ctudy Donign	# Detients	HAMD Response Rate		
Study Number	Study Design	# Patients	TAU	VNS + TAU	
D-01 Pilot Study ¹	12 week open-label feasibility	60	N/A	15%	
D-02 Acute Pivotal Study ²	10 week double-blind, randomized, sham treatment-controlled	235 enrolled and implanted; 222 evaluable	10%	15% (p=0.251)	
D-02 Long-Term Pivotal Study ³	12 months open-label long-term follow up	233 entered long-term; 205 evaluable	N/A	27%	
D-04 Comparative Study ⁴	12 months observational study of standard-of-care therapies in TRD patient for comparison with pivotal study DO2	127 enrolled; 124 evaluable	13%	N/A	



D23 5-year long-term safety and efficacy data for VNS Therapy® in TRD was published in the *American Journal* of *Psychiatry* ¹

ARTICLES

A 5-Year Observational Study of Patients With Treatment-Resistant Depression Treated With Vagus Nerve Stimulation or Treatment as Usual (TAU): Comparison of Response, Remission, and Suicidality

Scott T. Aaronson, M.D., Peter Sears, C.C.R.P., Francis Ruvuna, Ph.D., et al.

Treatment-as-usual (TAU) includes standard-of-care psychotropic medications and non-pharmacologic treatments, such as psychotherapy, cognitive behavioral therapy and electroconvulsive therapy (ECT)^{1,2}

5-year, prospective,
open-label, nonrandomized, observational registry study

in Unipolar and Bipolar patients

VNS + TAU
n=494
Primary efficacy measure:
Response rate*

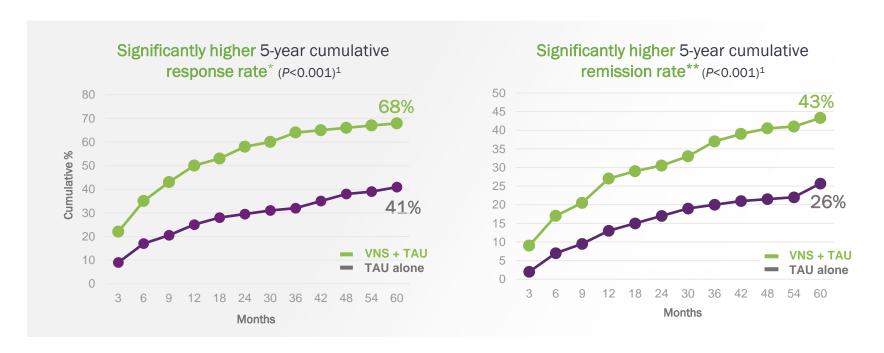


^{*}Response rate defined as decrease of ≥50% from baseline in MADRS score at any post-baseline visit during the study. MADRS: Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale.

^{1.} Aaronson ST, Sears P, Ruvana F, et al. Am J Psychiatry. 2017;174:640-48.

^{2.} LivaNova VNS Therapy® System Depression Physician's Manual, May 2020

VNS Therapy® + TAU delivered superior response and remission rates vs TAU alone over 5 years





VNS Therapy® effective across different populations





The RECOVER Study: Overview¹



Clinical Study Objective

Compare VNS Therapy® vs No Stimulation control in subjects with treatment-resistant depression (TRD)

Rate of MADRS Response

- 1) Defined as total # of months in response divided by total months of expected study participation
 2) 50% reduction in baseline MADRS
- 2) 50% reduction in baseline MADRS total score at 12 Months

Prospective

Multi-Center

Blinded

RCT

Primary End Point

MADRS Rate of Response (defined as reduction of 50% vs baseline)

Study Size and Analysis Plan

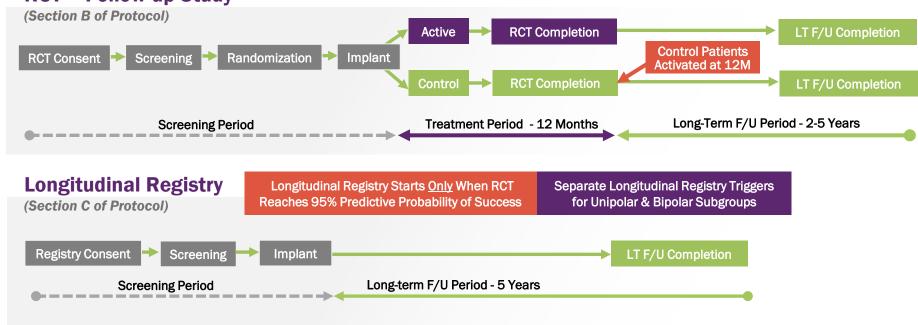
- 1) RCT Phase up to 1,000 patients
- 2) Longitudinal Registry Phase up to 5,800 patients
- 3) Medicare participants reimbursed by CMS
- 4) Incorporate adaptive design
- 5) First interim analysis triggered by achieving 250 implanted unipolar and/or 150 bipolar patients



The RECOVER Study: Design - RCT and Registry Phase¹



RCT + Follow-up Study





The RECOVER Study: Patient selection¹



Key inclusion criteria

- 18 years or older
- Documented diagnosis of MDD or Bipolar Depression: either chronic (≥2 years) or recurrent (≥4 prior episodes, at least two months apart) according to DSM-5
- Insufficient response to ≥4 adequate trials of antidepressant treatment in the current episode (any combination of the following: oral depressant drugs of different classes, psychotherapy, repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation (rTMS) and ECT)
- Score of at least 22 on both baseline administrations of the Montgomery-Åsberg Depression Rating Scale (MADRS), with a difference between the two scores that does not exceed 25%
- Continued use of mood stabilizer if bipolar

Key exclusion criteria

- Acute suicidality or recent suicide attempt
- History of substance abuse (past 12 months)
- History of psychosis
- Severe personality disorder
- Deep brain stimulation implant
- Dementia



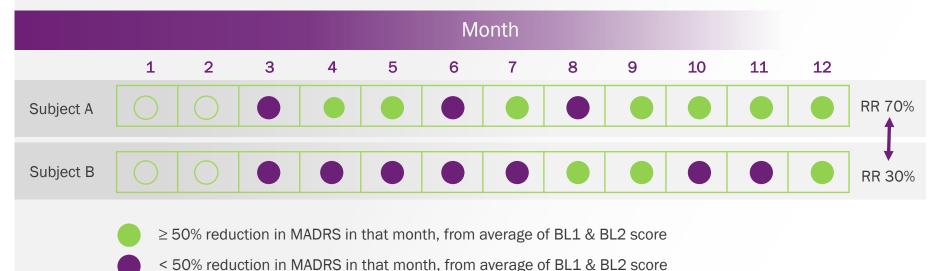


MADRS Rate of Response (Illustrative Example Only)

Patient in titration period, no evaluation

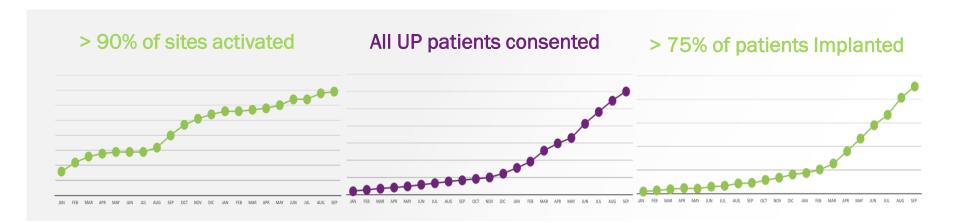


Rate of Response shows how many patients respond and how often they are in response in one endpoint



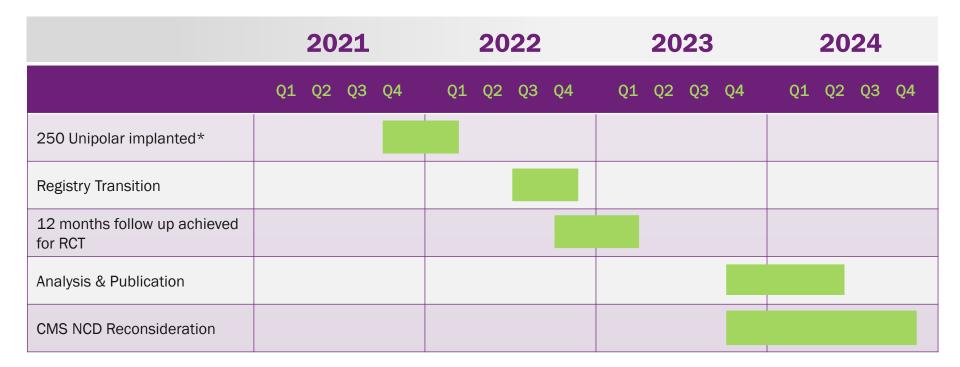


Momentum continues with the RECOVER study*





Current Planning Timelines for CMS NCD Reconsideration





SYMMETRY™ for Depression: Market Size



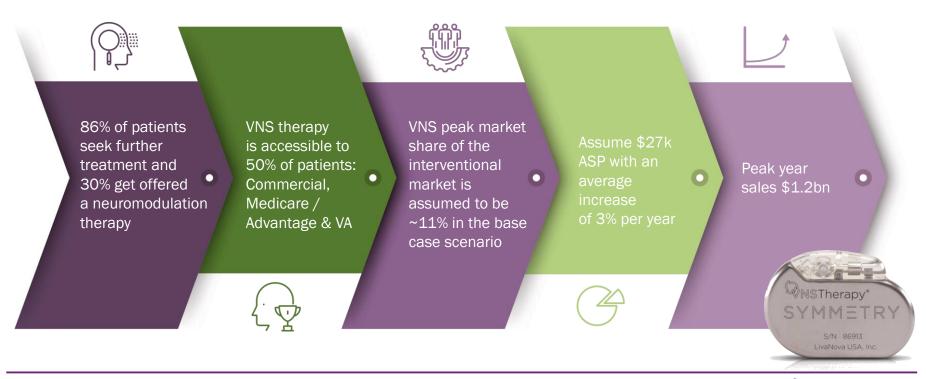


^{1.} JAMA Psychiatry 2018; 75(4):336-346.

^{2.} National Survey on Drug Use and Health: 2019, U.S. DHHS.

^{3.} Rush et al. STAR*D report. Am J Psychiatry 2006; 163:1905-1917

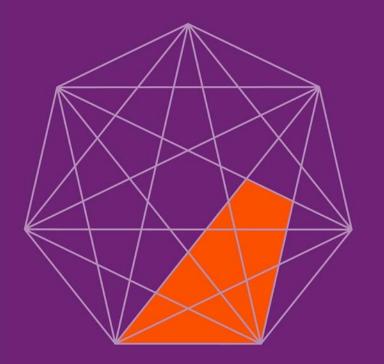
Assumptions used for opportunity sizing at peak











Heart Failure

Dr. Lorenzo DiCarlo, VP of Medical Affairs

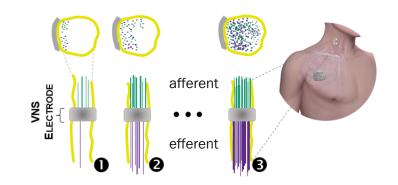
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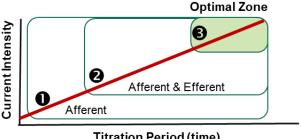


Autonomic Regulation Therapy (ART)

How it works

- Electrical stimulation of vagus nerve with specific intensity and temporal pattern results in beneficial alteration of post-ganglionic signaling¹
- Neuromodulation targets are understood²
 - Central & Peripheral
 - Ganglionic and Post-ganglionic
 - Activation (cholinergic) & Inhibition (adrenergic) of muscarinic (M₂) myocyte receptor systems
- Unique Approach: ART Dose is optimized in each patient by measuring real-time heart rate dynamics during ON-time compared to OFF-time³









^{2.} Ardell JL, et al. J Physiol. 2017

Central and Peripheral Neural Network Interactions Informed Therapeutic and Clinical Study Design

Am J Physiol Hunet Circ Physiol 300: H1740_H1752 2015

Central-peripheral neural network interactions evoked by vagus nerve stimulation: functional consequences on control of cardiac function

Jeffrey L. Ardell, 12,3 Pradeep S. Rajendran, 12,3 Heath A. Nier, 4 Bruce H. KenKnight, 5 and J. Andrew Armour^{1,2}

¹Neurocardiology Research Center of Excellence, David Geffen School of Medicine, University of California-Los Angeles Los Anneles California: 2 Cardiac Arrhythmia Center, David Geffen School of Medicine, University of California-Los Angeles, Los Angeles, California: 3Molecular, Cellular, and Integrative Physiology Program, University of California-Los Angeles, Los Angeles, California; *Department of Biomedical Sciences, Quillen College of Medicine, East Tennessee State University, Johnson City, Tennessee: and 5Cyberonics Inc., Houston, Texas

Submitted 15 July 2015; accepted in final form 10 September 2015

Central-peripheral neural network interactions evoked by vagus nerve may be considered in three levels (9, 21, 33). Level 1 comprises September 14, 2015; doi:10.1152/ainheart.00557.2015.—Using vagus nerve stimulation (VNS), we sought to determine the contribution of vagal afferents to efferent control of cardiac function. In anesthetized dogs, the right and left cervical vagosympathetic trunks were stimulated in the intact state, following insilateral or contralateral vagus nerve cardiocentric control loops, while the central nervous system 30 Hz, and a 500-µs pulse width. Right or left VNS evoked significantly these hierarchical populations coordinate and regulate regional greater current- and frequency-dependent suppression of chronotropic, cardiac electrical, mechanical, and metabolic indexes throughdycardia threshold was defined as the current first required for a 5% stresses have the potential to impact multiple levels of this bradycardia in the intact state (2.91 ± 0.18 and 3.47 ± 0.20 mA, respectively) decreased significantly with right VNTx (1.69 ± 0.17 mA for right and 3.04 ± 0.27 mA for left) and decreased further following bilateral VNTx (1.29 ± 0.16 mA for right and 1.74 ± 0.19 mA for left), Similar effects were observed following left VNTx, The thresholds for afferent-mediated effects on cardiac parameters were 0.62 ± 0.04 and 0.65 ± 0.06 mA with right and left VNS, respectively, and were reflected primarily as augmentation. Afferent-mediated tachycardias were maintained following β-blockade but were eliminated by cardiac indexes, including chronotropy, dromotropy, inotropy, VNTx. The increased effectiveness and decrease in bradycardia and lusitropy (46, 48). The majority (~80%) of fibers con threshold with sequential VNTx suggest that I) vagal afferents inhibit tained within the vagus are afferent (sensory) in nature (13, centrally mediated parasympathetic efferent outflow and 2) the ipsi- 42). Thus the vagus nerve is an important pathway that carries lateral and contralateral vagi exert a substantial buffering capacity. sensory information from visceral organs, including the heart, The intact threshold reflects the interaction between multiple levels of to the central nervous system. Also, structural and functional the cardiac neural hierarchy.

vagus nerve stimulation; autonomic nervous system; parasympathetic; population of sympathetic fibers (41, 47). afferent; intrinsic cardiac nervous system

NEW & NOTEWORTHY

Vagus nerve stimulation-evoked changes in cardiac function reflect the dynamic interplay between direct activation of descending efferents and afferent-induced decreases in central parasympathetic drive to the heart. With increasing current, vaeus nerve stimulation first activates afferent fibers and then descending parasympathetic efferent fibers, interactions that maintain cardiac stability.

Address for reprint requests and other correspondence: J. L. Ardell, Neurocardiology Research Center of Excellence, 100 UCLA Medical Plaza, Suite 660. Los Angeles. CA 90095 (e-mail: jardell@mednet.ucla.edu).

Ardell JL, Rajendran PS, Nier HA, KenKnight BH, Armour JA. CARDIAC CONTROL IS A MANIFESTATION of a neural hierarchy that stimulation: functional consequences on control of cardiac function. Am the spinal cord and medulla as modulated by higher centers (1, J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol 309: H1740–H1752, 2015. First published
16, 27, 38). Level 2 comprises extracardiac-intrathoracic neurons, including the stellate, middle cervical, and mediastinal ganglia (4, 6, 8). Level 3 involves the intrinsic cardiac nervous system (ICNS) (9). The peripheral levels (2 and 3) form transection (VNTx), and then following bilateral VNTx. Stimulations (level 1) engages neural mechanisms for regulation of both were performed at currents from 0.25 to 4.0 mA, frequencies from 2 to cardiac and peripheral vasculature (33, 60). Acting together, inotropic, and lusitropic function subsequent to sequential VNTx. Bra- out each cardiac cycle (7, 9, 12). Endogenous or exogenou decrease in heart rate. The threshold for the right vs. left vagus-induced hierarchy (19, 21, 32, 60). It is through the understanding of such hierarchical control and how it adapts to acute and chronic stress that rational, mechanistic based approaches can be devised to tareet the cardiac neural hierarchy to manage cardiovascular pathology (14, 19, 21).

The vagus nerve is a complex neural structure containing descending efferent parasympathetic fibers and ascending af data suggest that the cervical vagus trunk contains a small

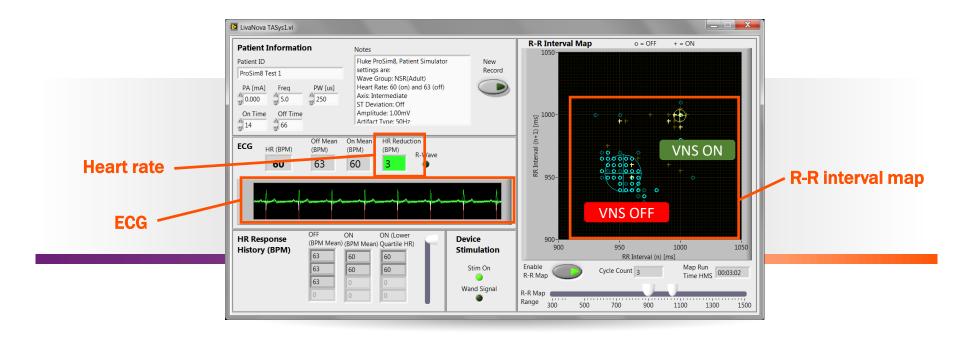
For any bioelectronic approach for therapeutic neuromodulation, one must consider both direct and reactive (reflex) responses (14). The vagus can be stimulated in many different ways, at a number of different levels, and for multiple pathologies. As such, the anatomic characteristics of the nerves being stimulated (afferent/efferent) and the functional impact of stimulation parameters (current, fre quency, pulse width, waveform, and duty cycle) must be considered (13, 14). Ultimately, these factors influence off-target adverse effects and, more importantly, the acute and chronic efficacy of the applied therapy. In most clinical applications for cardiovascular pathologies, electrical vagus nerve stimulation (VNS) is imposed unilaterally to either the right or left cervical vagosympathetic trunk (17, 18, 43).

While preclinical and clinical studies have yielded encour aging results for the safety and efficacy of VNS for cardiac

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Titration Assessment System (TASys-1)





The VITARIA® System

Delivers <u>Autonomic Regulation Therapy</u> (ART) via vagus nerve stimulation





Focused on a Systematic Approach to our ART Program

- Supporting evidence and strong collaboration with FDA led to design and approval of ANTHEM Pivotal Study with FDA's Breakthrough Technology designation
- Multi-national, adaptive, randomized, controlled clinical trial underway
 - Good progress with enrollment and randomization
 - Regaining momentum post-COVID





Breakthrough Device Program





ANTHEM-HF Pilot Trial Motivated by Poor HF Patient Prognosis Despite New Drugs & Devices

Journal of Cardiac Failure Vol. 20 No. 11 2014

Autonomic Regulation Therapy via Left or Right Cervical Vagus Nerve Stimulation in Patients With Chronic Heart Failure: Results of the ANTHEM-HF Trial

RAJENDRA K. PREMCHAND, MD., KAMAL SHARMA, MD. SANJAY MITTAL, MD., RUFINO MONTEREO, MD., SATVAJIT DUXT, MD. BUMD, LIBRUS, PR.D. FORESZO, A D. CARLO, MD., PERFEY L, ARDELL, PR.D. THOMAS S. RECTOR, PlumD, PR.D. BADDRI AMERTHER, MS. BRUCE H. KENKNIGHT, PR.D., AND INDER S. ANADO MD. DRIPH DOVEN ERCP.

Secunderabad, Ahmedabad, Haryana and Goa, India: Houston, Texas: San Francisco and Los Angeles, California: and Minneapolis, Minnesota

ABSTRACT

Objective: ANTHEM-HF evaluated a novel autonomic regulation therapy (ART) via either left or right varus nerve stimulation (VNS) in patients with heart failure (HF) and reduced ejection fraction (HFrEF). Methods and Results: Sixty subjects (New York Heart Association [NYHA] functional class II-III, left ventricular ejection fraction (LVEF) ≤40%, left ventricular end-diastolic diameter ≥50 mm to < 80 mm) receiving optimal pharmacologic therapy were randomized at 10 sites. VNS systems were randomly implanted on the left (n = 31) or right (n = 29) side. All patients were successfully implanted and 59 were titrated over 10 weeks to a well tolerated stimulation intensity. One patient died 3 days after an embolic stroke that occurred during implantation. Common device-related adverse events after VNS titration were transient mild dysphonia, cough, and oropharyngeal pain, which were similar for left- and right-side VNS. After 6 months of ART, the adjusted left-right differences in LVEF, left ventricular end-systolic volume (LVESV), and left ventricular end-systolic diameter (LVESD) were 0.2% (95% CI -4.4 to 4.7), 3.7 mL (95% C1-7.0 to 14.4), and 1.3 mm (95% C1-0.9 to 3.6), respectively. In the combined population, absolute LVEF improved by 4.5% (95% CI 2.4-6.6), LVESV improved by -4.1 mL (95% CI -9.0 to 0.8), and LVESD improved by -1.7 mm (95% CI -2.8 to -0.7). Heart rate variability improved by 17 ms (95% CI 6.5-28) with minimal left-right difference. Six-minute walk distance improved an average of 56 m (95% CI 37-75); however, improvement was greater for right-side ART (77 m [95% CI 49-105]). NYHA functional class improved in 77% of patients (baseline to 6 months).

Conclusions: Chronic open-loop ART via left- or right-side VNS is feasible and well tolerated in HFtEF patients. Safety and efficacy measures are encouraging and warrant further study. *U Cardiac Fail* 2014;20:888–816

Key Words: Heart failure, autonomic regulation therapy, vagus nerve stimulation, nonpharmacologic therapy.

Vagal Nerve Stimulation: Brief Report

Extended Follow-Up of Patients With Heart Failure Receiving Autonomic Regulation Therapy in the ANTHEM-HF Study

RAJENDRA K. PREMCHAND, I KAMAL SHARMA, SANJAY MITTAL, RUFINO MONTEIRO, I SATYAJIT DIXIT, IMAD LIBBUS, I LORENZO A. DICARLO, I JEFFREY L. ARDELL, "THOMAS S. RECTOR," BADRI AMURTHUR, BRUCE H. KENKNIGHT, AND NIDBE S. ANAND

Secunderabad, India: Ahmedabad, India: Haryana, India: Goa, India: Houston, Texas: San Francisco, California: Los Angeles, California Misneavolis. Minnesota

ABSTRACT

Objective: Evaluate the effects of a novel autonomic regulation therapy (ART) via vagus nerve stimulation (VNS) in patients with chronic heart failure (HF) and reduced left ventricular ejection fraction during a 12-month follow-up period.

Methods: The Autonomic Regulation Therapy for the Improvement of Left Ventricular Function and Heart Fulture Symptoms (ANTHEM-HF) study enrolled 69 subjects with New York Heart Association class II: III HF and low left ventricular ejection fraction (£40%), who received open-loop ART using VNS randomized to left or right cervical vagus nerve placement and followed for 6 months after titration to a therapeutic output current (£20 ± 0.6 mA). Patients received chronic stimulation at a frequency of 10 Hz and pulse duration of 250 (usee. Forty-nine subjects consented to participate in an extended follow-up study for an additional of months (£2 months total osstitations) to determine whether the effects of therape were maintained.

Results: During the 6-month extended follow-up period, there were no device malfunctions or devicelented serious adverse effects. There were 7 serious adverse effects unrelated to the device, including 3 deaths (2 sudden cardiac deaths, 1 worsening HF death). There were 5 nonserious adverse events that were adjudicated to be device-related. Selvey and tolerability were similar, and there were no significant differences in efficacy between left- and right-sided ART. Overall, mean efficacy measure values at 12 months were not significantly different from mean values at 6 months.

Conclusions: Chronic open-loop ART via left- or right-sided VNS continued to be feasible and welltolerated in patients with HF with reduced EF. Improvements in cardiac function and HF symptoms seen after 6 months of ART were maintained at 12 months. (J Cardiac Fail 2016;22:639-642)

Key Words: Heart failure, autonomic regulation therapy, vagus nerve stimulation, nonpharmacological therapy



ANTHEM Pilot Study Results

Concordance among data is encouraging 1,2

	Baseline	12 Months	p-value	Proof of Feasibility
LVEF (%)	33.2 ± 7.4	39.5 ± 10.4	<0.0005	Better LV Function
NYHA Class (I/II/III/IV)	0/26/20/0	32/14/0/0	<0.0005	Improved Symptoms
Quality of Life (MLHFQ Score)	39 ± 12	18 ± 9	<0.0005	Improved Symptoms
HRV (SDNN, ms)	95 ± 29	109 ± 40	<0.01	Decreased Sympathetic Drive
6 min walk (m)	288 ± 64	352 ± 62	<0.0005	Improved Function



^{1.} Premchand RK et al. J Card Fail 2016;22:639-42

^{2.} Baseline and 12 Months n=46

42-Month Follow up Suggests Durable Benefits of ART





Adverse Effects of Autonomic Dysregulation

Loss of Equipoise	Reduced sympathetic responsiveness	Circ Heart Fail 2009;2:692–9
Loss of Equipoise	Renin-angiotensin system activation	Clin Auton Res 2019; 29: 289-299
	Reduced coronary flow	Cardiovasc Res 2001; 49: 27-37
O ₂ Supply-Demand Mismatch	Increased oxidative stress	Cardiovasc Res 2008; 77: 713-21
2,	Endothelial dysfunction	Hypertension 2016; 68: 1004-10
Inflammation	Immune system activation and inflammation,	J Clin Invest 2007; 117: 289-96
		Nature 2002; 420: 853-9
	Apoptotic gene expression	Circ Heart Fail 2009; 2: 692-9
Myocardial Injury, Fibrosis,	Direct myocardial injury	J Am Coll Cardiol 2019; 73: 1189-1206
and Remodeling	Adverse myocardial remodeling and fibrosis	Am J Physiol Heart Circ Physiol 2007; 293: H2254-61
	Inappropriate Sinus Techyoprdia	Exp Physiol 2010; 95: 919-25
Arrhythmias	Inappropriate Sinus Tachycardia	• •
,	Supraventricular Tachycardia	J Cardiovasc Pharmacol Ther 2003; 8:107-13
	Ventricular Tachycardia	Pacing Clin Electrophysiol 2020; 43:172-180



ART is synergistic with **GDMT**





ANTHEM-HFrEF Pivotal Study Design

Circulation: Heart Failure

METHODS PAPER

Impact of Autonomic Regulation Therapy in Patients with Heart Failure

ANTHEM-HFrEF Pivotal Study Design

Marvin A. Konstam, MD; James E. Udelson, MD; Jawed Butler, MD, MPH, MBA: Helmut U. Klein, MD; John D. Parker, MD; John R. Teerlink, MD; Patricia M. Wedge, RN; Benjamin R. Saville, PhD; Jeffrey L. Ardell, PhD; Imad Libbus, PhD; Lorenzo A. DiCarlo, MD; for the ANTHEM-HFEF Investigators and Coordinators

BACKERQUIRE: The ANTHEM-HFEF (Autonomic Regulation Therapy to Enhance Myocardial Function and Reduce Progression of Heart Failure with Reduced Ejection Fraction) pivots study is an adaptive, open-label, randomized, controlled study evaluating whether autonomic regulation therapy will benefit patients with advanced HFEF. While early-phase studies have supported potential use of vagus never stimulation to deliver autonomic regulation therapy for HFEF, results of larger clinical trials have been inconsistent. The ANTHEM-HFEF study uses a novel design, with adaptive sample size selection, evaluating effects on mobility and mortality as well as symptoms and function.

MERIBOS: The ANTHEM-HFIEFE study will randomize patients (2:1) to autonomic regulation therapy plus guideline-discided medical therapy, or guideline-freeted medical therapy alone. The morbidity and mortality frait utilizes a conventional frequentist approach for analysis of the primary outcome and point-reduction in the composite of cardiovascular death or first HF hospitalization—and a Bayesian adaptive approach toward sample size selection. Embedded within the ANTHEM-HFIEF study is a second trial evaluating improvement in symptoms and function. Symptom/function success will require meeting 2 risk-related conditions (trend for reduced cardiovascular death/HF hospitalization and sufficient freedom device-related serious adverse events) and 3 efficacy end point components (changes in left ventricular EF, 6-minute walk distance, and Kanass Ctyl Cardiomoppathy Questionnaire overall scores).

CONCUSIONS: Vagus nerve stimulation remains a promising, yet unproven treatment in HFrEF. A successful ANTHEM-HFrEF privatal study would provide an important advance in HFrEF treatment and offer a model for expediting evaluation of new therapies.

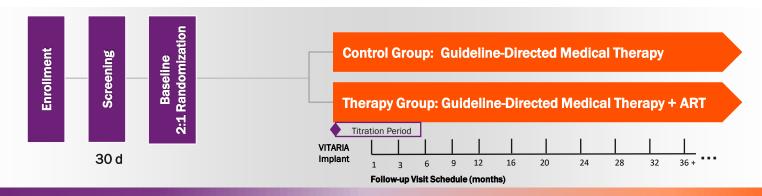
CLINICAL TRIAL REGISTRATION: URL: http://www.clinicaltrials.gov. Unique identifier: NCT03425422.

Key Words: cardiomyopathies ■ heart failure ■ risk ■ sample size ■ vagus nerve stimulation



ANTHEM-HFrEF Pivotal Study Design





- Key Inclusion Criteria; selects for symptomatic patients likely to have outcome events
 - stable GDMT for ≥4 weeks, symptomatic
 - NYHA class III or class II if hospitalized for HF within the previous 12 months
 - LVEF ≤ 35%, LVEDD <8.0 cm</p>
 - NT-proBNP ≥800 pg/mL and 6-minute walk distance (6MWD) of 150 to 450 meters, limited by HF symptoms

Key Characteristics

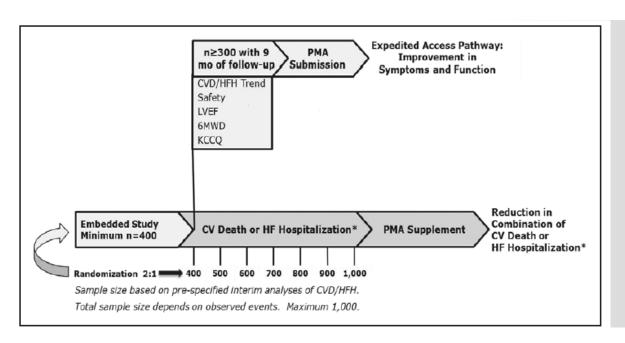
- Adaptive sample size selection based on pre-specified assessment of adjudicated Primary Events
- Primary Outcome: time-first-event, HF Hosp or CV death
- Novel design utilizes embedded study to provide data for both pre-market and post-market regulatory submissions
 - improved symptoms and function (PMA), and
 - reduction of morbidity and mortality (PMA Supplement)



ANTHEM-HFrEF Pivotal Study Design



FDA's Breakthrough Devices Program provides expedited pathway ANTHEM HFREF Privotal Study



- Bayesian, adaptive design determines most appropriate sample size selection
- Stratification for:
 - Region
 - 6-min walk
 - ±Heart Transplant Site
 - ±ICD/CRT recipient
- Interim Analyses of embedded trial provides PMA pathway for improved symptoms and function
- Early stopping for expected Success or Futility



First Interim Analyses for ANTHEM-HFrEF

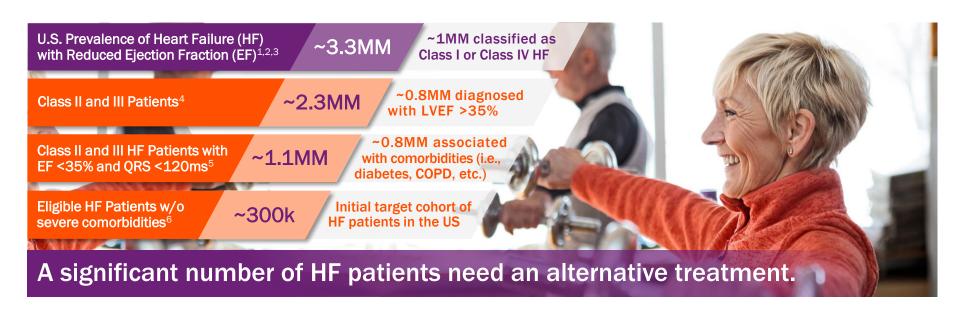


- Requires 400 randomized subjects, including 300 completing 9 months after randomization
- Interim Analyses will consist of 2 Risk-related conditions
 - Freedom from system and procedure-related Serious Adverse Events
 - Predictive probability of achieving the morbidity and mortality endpoint

- If these conditions are satisfied, then 3 co-primary functional endpoints will be statistically assessed:
 - Six-minute walk test
 - Quality of Life (KCCQ)
 - LVEF (core lab values)



VITARIA® for Heart Failure: Market Size



- 1. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics. Underlying Cause of Death, 1999–2017. Accessed January 7, 2019.
- 2. Benjamin EJ, Muntner P, Alonso A, Bittencourt MS, Callaway CW, Carson AP, et al. Heart disease and stroke statistics—2019 update: a report from the American Heart Association. Circulation. 2019;139(10):e56-528.
- 3. Jackson et al, Circ Heart Fail. 2018 National Burden of HF Events in US.
- 4. Zhang et al. BMC Medical Informatics and Decision Making 2018, 18(Suppl 2):48 Discovering and Identifying NYHA classification from HER.
- 5. Savarese et al, JACC, Heart Failure, Vol 7, No4, 2019, Ejection fraction change in heart failure.
- 6. Bruch et al, Europace (2007) 9, 681-686, Prevalence and prognostic impact of co-morbidities in heart failure patients.









Obstructive Sleep Apnea

John Webb, VP of Sleep Apnea

Intended for Investor Use Only | Not Intended for Use by Patients or HCPs



Obstructive Sleep Apnea Defined

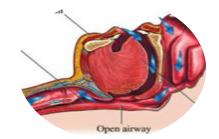
Obstructive Sleep Apnea (OSA) is a debilitating, often life-threatening sleep disorder

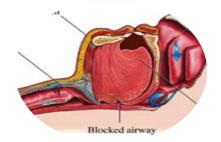
- Patients repeatedly and involuntarily stop breathing during sleep
- Tongue and pharyngeal wall collapse is the primary cause
- OSA is diagnosed by Polysomnography (PSG)
- During a PSG, a patient's Apnea Hypopnea Index is measured
- OSA severity is defined as:

■ Mild: AHI 5–15

Moderate: AHI 15–30

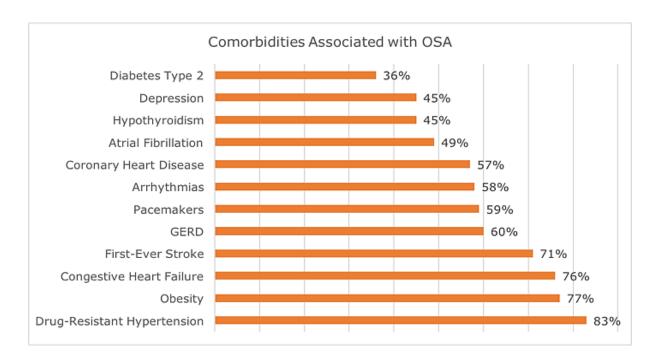
Severe: AHI >30







Sleep Apnea - More Than Just Sleepiness







Obstructive Sleep Apnea - The Facts

- 1 billion globally impacted by Obstructive Sleep Apnea
- 54 million impacted by Obstructive Sleep Apnea (US)
- US costs of managing untreated OSA patients:
 - \$65 billion/year in direct medical costs
 - \$100 billion/year in indirect costs



Sleep Apnea - Current Therapies









CPAP

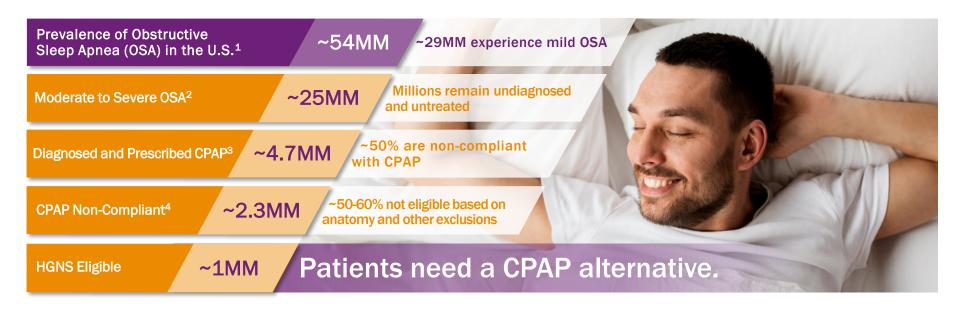
~50% NON-COMPLIANCE WORLDWIDE

Surgical Options

~ UPPP ~MMA Hypoglossal Nerve Stimulation



aura6000® for Obstructive Sleep Apnea: Market Size



Risk Individuals With Sleep Appea: Best Appea Interventions for Research (BestAIR) Trial, Sleep, 2017;40(4).



Malhotra Et al., Lancet Respir Med 2019 7: 687–98 Published Online July 9, 2019 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/ S2213-2600(19)30198-5

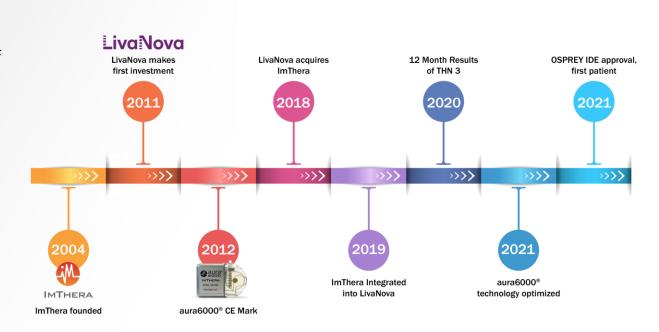
Peppard PE, Young T, Barnet JH, Palta M, Hagen EW, Hla KM. Increased prevalence of sleep-disordered breathing in adults Am J Epidemiol 2013; 177: 1006–14.

Nogueira, Access to CPAP treatment in patients with moderate to severe sleep apnea in a Latin American City. Sleep Sci. 2018 May-Jun; 11(3):174-182. doi: 10.5935/1984-0063.20180032. Zhao YY, Wang R, Gleason KJ, Lewis EF, Quan SF, Toth CM, et al. Effect of Continuous Positive Airway Pressure Treatment on Health-Related Quality of Life and Sleepiness in High Cardiovascular

LivaNova's OSA Therapy Journey

OSPREY is the fulfillment of LivaNova's commitment to:

- Build upon the technology created by ImThera
- Leverage the experience gained in over 300 patients worldwide
- Bring a new therapy to the US market in a trial that uses our learning





The aura6000® System

IPG

Rechargeable and lasts up to 15 years

Lead

Self-sizing cuff electrode containing 6 contacts

Remote Control and Charger

Used to recharge and control the IPG

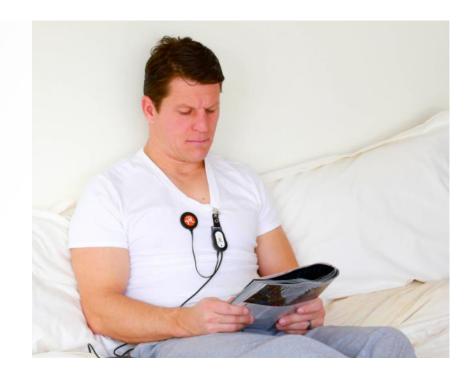




The aura6000® System

Rechargeable Battery

- Up to 15 years of life
- Charges in roughly less than an hour
- Provides therapy for up to 3 days





The aura6000® System



Small Device

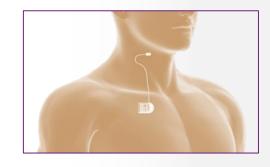
Complete Concentric Collapse



High BMI: ≤ 35 kg/m²

Broad Patient Population





No Thoracic Lead



Hypoglossal Nerve Stimulator Landscape

	Liva Nova Health innovation that matters	Inspire Sleep Apries Innovation	Nyxoah
	OSPREY	STAR	DREAM
BMI Exclusion	<u>></u> 35	<u>></u> 32	<u>≥</u> 32
CCC Exclusion	No	Yes	No
Thoracic Lead	No	Yes	No
Stimulator/Lead Placement	Proximal	Distal	Distal
Pivotal Trial Design	RCT	Single-Arm (withdrawal)	Single-Arm



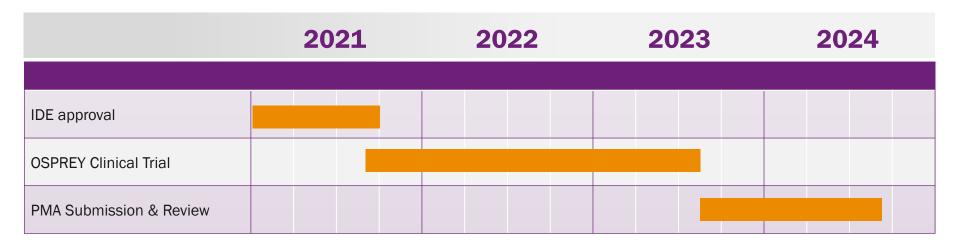
IDE Trial - OSPREY

 The OSPREY trial will be the first trial to confirm efficacy of HGNS in an RCT

	Trial Design		
Trial Design	RCT		
Primary Efficacy Endpoints	AHI		
Secondary Endpoints	ODI, ESS, FOSQ		
Win Criteria	Beat Control (Treatment Rate < Control Rate)		
Patient Population	Up to 150		
Follow up	6 Months - 12 month follow up		

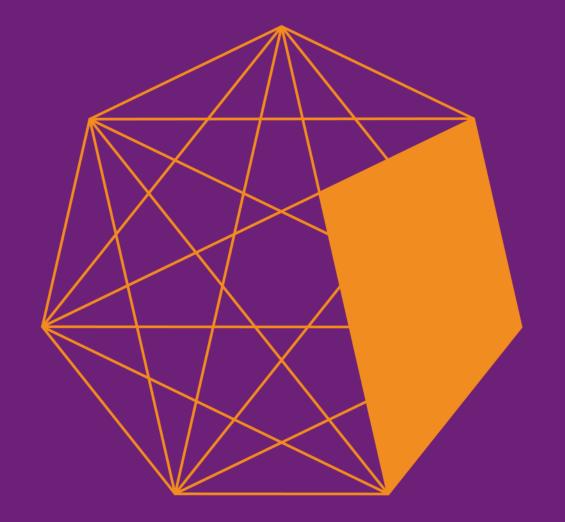


Anticipated Milestones



- We received PMA approval for the OSPREY study earlier this year
- We estimate enrollment completion in 2023
- We plan for our submission in the latter half of 2023 and anticipate approval in 2024









LivaNova Financial Update

Alex ShvartsburgChief Financial Officer

2021 Guidance

Reaffirming 2021 guidance issued November 3rd

	Guidance as of Feb. 24, 2021	Guidance as of Jun. 1, 2021	Guidance as of Jul. 28, 2021	Guidance as of Aug. 16, 2021	Guidance as of Nov. 3, 2021
Worldwide net sales growth ⁽¹⁾	8 - 13%	0 - 5%	5 - 10%	5 - 10%	8 - 11%
Worldwide net sales growth, excluding Heart Valves ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	7 - 12%	7 - 12%	12 - 17%	12 - 17%	15 - 18%
Diluted Adjusted EPS ^{(1) (3)}	\$1.40 - 1.90	\$1.31 - 1.81	\$1.60 - 1.90	\$1.75 - 2.05	\$2.00 - 2.10
Adjusted free cash flow ⁽⁴⁾	\$30 - 50M	\$30 - 50M	\$35 - 55M	\$50 - 70M	\$55 - 75M

⁽⁴⁾ Adjusted free cash flow is a non-GAAP metric and is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less cash used for the purchase of property, plant and equipment excluding the impact of 3T litigation payments, a tax stimulus benefit and gains related to dividends received from investments.



⁽¹⁾ Net sales are on a constant-currency basis. All financial measures are adjusted non-GAAP measures.

⁽²⁾ The Heart Valves business was divested and deconsolidated effective June 1, 2021.

⁽³⁾ Diluted Adjusted EPS for guidance issued November 3, 2021 assumes adjusted diluted weighted average shares outstanding of approximately 51.5 million for the full-year of 2021.

Segment Reporting Update

Changing to Three Reportable Segments

- We are changing our segment reporting from two reportable segments, Neuromodulation and Cardiovascular, to three:
 - Neuromodulation
 - Cardiopulmonary (CP)
 - Advanced Circulatory Support (ACS)
- The change to segregate our Cardiovascular segment into CP and ACS represents the way we will manage and evaluate our business moving forward and provides greater transparency around the growth and margin profiles.
- Historical financial results will be recast in our 2021 10-K to maintain comparability.



Three Segments with Significant Market Opportunity

Defining Core Businesses and Strategic Portfolio Initiatives (SPIs)

Neuromodulation

Creator, Leader of VNS Therapy Market-leading positions Advanced temporary support solutions Strategic Portfolio Initiatives (SPIs) Core Clinical Pipeline Targeting High Unmet Needs Coronary Artery Disease Cardiogenic Shock Disease Drug-Resistant Congenital Heart Defect Difficult-to-Treat Obstructive Heart Cardiac Arrest Sleep Apnea **Epilepsy** Atrial Fibrillation Left and Right Ventricle Failure States Depression Failure ARDS/COPD Valvular Disease 2021E \$434-452M \$465-480M \$55M+ ~\$10M Net Sales(1) Market ~\$220M ~\$15M ~\$505M ~\$2B \$1.5B ~\$10M Size(2) Market 0-3% 10%+ N/A 30%+ 20%+ 10%+ Growth(2)

Cardiopulmonary

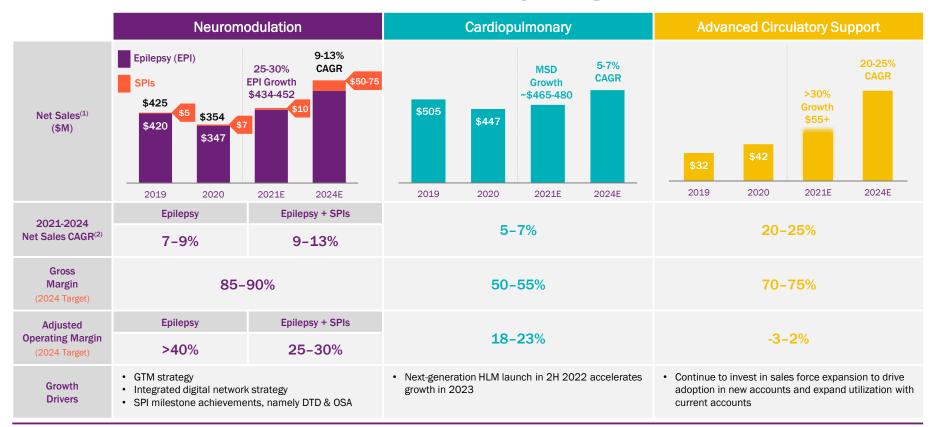


Advanced Circulatory Support

^{(1) 2021}E represents guidance issued on November 3, 2021.

Managements estimates for full year 2021.

2021-2024 Financial Outlook by Segment



2021E represents mid-point guidance issued on November 3, 2021. 2024E represents mid-point outlook based on 3-year CAGR from 2021E mid-point guidance.



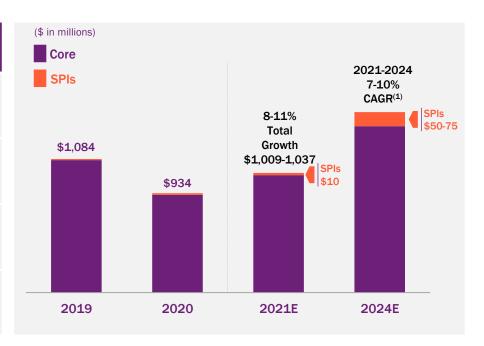
Net sales are on a constant-currency basis.

³⁻year CAGR from mid-point 2021 guidance issued on November 3, 3021.

2021-2024 Financial Outlook

Outlook for Core and Core plus Strategic Portfolio Initiatives (SPIs)*

	Core	Core + SPIs
Worldwide net sales CAGR ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	5-8%	7-10%
Gross Margin (2024 Target)	Low-70s	Mid-70s
Adjusted Operating Margin ⁽³⁾ (2024 Target)	25-30%	17-22%
Diluted Adjusted EPS CAGR ⁽¹⁾⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	N/A	~20%



Diluted adjusted EPS CAGR assumes annual adjusted interest expense of \$11-12M, an adjusted income tax rate range of 15-20% for 2022-2024 and adjusted diluted weighted average shares outstanding of approximately 54M for the full-year 2024.



^{*} Core LIVN excludes impact from Strategic Portfolio Initiatives (SPIs), specifically impacts from Difficult-to-Treat Depression, Heart Failure and Obstructive Sleep Apnea clinical pipeline programs.

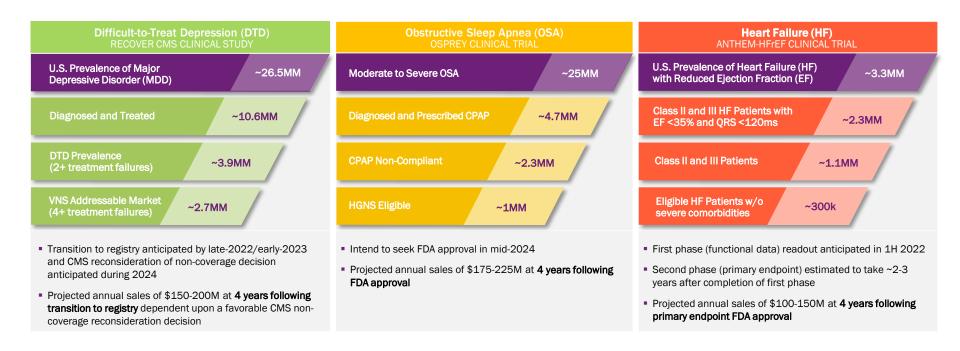
^{(1) 3-}year CAGR from mid-point 2021 guidance issued on November 3, 2021. Net sales are on a constant-currency basis.

²⁾ Worldwide net sales CAGR when excluding impact of the Heart Valves business that was divested and deconsolidated effective June 1, 2021 would be higher by approximately 100bps.

⁽³⁾ Adjusted operating margin assumes ~\$55M of annual corporate shared service expenses that are not allocated to a segment.

Strategic Portfolio Initiatives Long-Term Outlook

Three Differentiated Clinical Pipeline Initiatives Targeting Significant Market Opportunities*





^{*} See market size references in respective Investor Day SPI sections.

Cash Generation & Capital Allocation Priorities

Optimize deployment of capital to maximize long-term shareholder value

\$400-500M

Adjusted Free Cash Flow (FCF)⁽¹⁾
Cumulative 2021-2024

>80%

Target FCF Conversion Ratio⁽²⁾ by 2024

Capital Allocation Priorities

Fund R&D investments

Executing strategic pipeline initiatives

Build commercial infrastructure for SPIs

Scaling commercial organization to drive market development

Repay/re-finance convertible debt

Protecting long-term health of balance sheet

Pursue strategic tuck-in M&A

Investing in future growth opportunities

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted free cash flow is a non-GAAP metric and is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less cash used for the purchase of property, plant and equipment excluding the impact of 3T litigation payments, tax stimulus benefits and gains related to dividends received from investments.



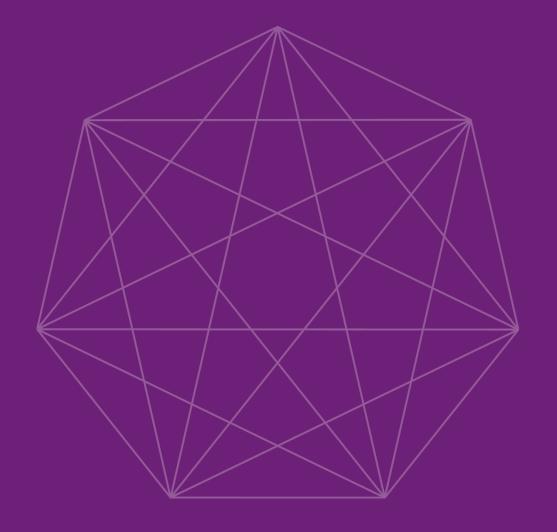


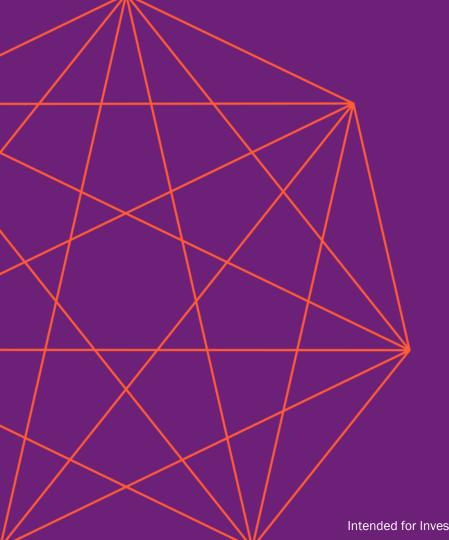
Financial Outlook

Key takeaways

- Stable growth in Epilepsy
- Above market growth in Cardiopulmonary & Advanced Circulatory Support
- Three shots on goal with SPIs targeting significant market opportunities:
 - \$50-75M of incremental revenue from SPIs projected by 2024
 - \$150-200M of DTD revenues projected at 4 years following transition to registry dependent upon a favorable CMS noncoverage reconsideration decision
 - \$175-225M of OSA revenues projected at 4 years following FDA approval
 - \$100-150M of HF revenues projected at 4 years following primary endpoint FDA approval
- Annual adjusted operating margin expansion of 50+ basis points
- Cumulative adjusted free cash flow generation of \$400-500M by 2024
- Disciplined capital allocation







LivaNovaClosing Remarks

Damien McDonaldChief Executive Officer

Investor Day 2021

Key Takeaways

Core Businesses

- · Growth in Epilepsy driven by the go-to-market and digital network strategies
- Above market growth in Cardiopulmonary behind next-generation HLM, Essenz, launch
- Above market growth in ACS behind sales force expansion to drive LifeSPARC adoption

Strategic Portfolio Initiatives

- DTD: 250 unipolar patients implanted in the RECOVER study arm by early 1Q22
- Heart Failure: Reach 9 month follow-up for 300 patients in ANTHEM-HFrEF in 1Q22
- OSA: IDE FDA approval received and anticipate implanting the first patient this quarter

Focus on Execution

- Gross margin expansion over 70%
- Adjusted operating margin of 25-30% for the core businesses by 2024
- Cumulative adjusted free cash flow generation of \$400-500M by 2024





Glossary of acronyms and key terms

Business specific		Business specific		Financial &	Financial & Other	
ACS	Advanced circulatory support	HFrEF	Heart failure reduced ejection fraction	\$M	Millions of Dollars	
ARDS	Acute respiratory distress syndrome	HLM	Heart-lung machine	В	Billion	
ART	Autonomic Regulation Therapy	HRV	Heart rate variability	ASP	Average selling price	
ASM	Anti-seizure medicine	KOL	Key opinion leader	Bps	Basis Points	
ATS	Auto Transfusion System	LVEF	Left ventricular ejection fraction	CAGR	Compound annual growth rate	
CEC	Comprehensive Epilepsy Center	NPI	New patient implant (VNS)	CE	Conformitè Europëenne	
СР	Cardiopulmonary	NYHA	New York Heart Association	CMS	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services	
CRM	Cardiac Rhythm Management	OSA	Obstructive sleep apnea	COVID-19	Coronavirus Disease 2019	
DRE	Drug resistant epilepsy	Оху	Oxygenator	EPS	Earnings Per Share	
DTD	Difficult-to-treat depression	PCI	Percutaneous coronary intervention	FDA	Food and Drug Administration	
ECLS	Extracorporeal life support system	PDM	Perfusion data management	IDE	Investigational Device Exemption	
ECMO	Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation	PVAD	Percutaneous ventricular assist device	NCD	National Coverage Determination	
EOS	End of service (VNS)	SPI	Strategic portfolio initiative	OUS	Outside U.S.	
ECT	Electroconvulsive therapy	TMS	Transcranial magnetic stimulation	PMA	Premarket approval	
GTM	Go-to-market	VNS	Vagus nerve stimulation	RCT	Randomized control trial	



Investor Relations Contact Information

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GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliations

	2017	2021E
Total GAAP net sales	\$1,012	\$1,023
Less Heart Valves net sales	(138)	(36.2)
Total net sales, excluding Heart Valves	\$874	\$977

